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Advertisements intended for publication in the LIMERICK CHRONICLE should be sent to the office before 12 o'clock on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, otherwise they will be late for insertion.

THE LIMERICK CHRONICLE

SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1863.

The Dowager Countess of Dunraven has arrived at Clerewell Court, Coleford, Gloucestershire.

The Corporation having dispensed with the services of the day-police, George-Sargeant, one of the staff, has resumed his former trade as renovator of mens' wearing apparel.

The Right Worshipful the Mayor gratefully acknowledges the receipt of £5 6s. 6d., through Mr. William Boyd, proceeds of receipts by Rev. Mr. Marshall's lecture on Burns, in aid of the local fuel fund.

This day, at one o'clock, Joseph Gubbins, Esq., of Kilfrush, was sworn in as High Sheriff of this county for the ensuing year, by Robert Anglin, Esq., Commissioner.

We direct attention to the very able letter of the Rev. Thomas Elmes, which appears in our first page in reply to Bishop's Colenso's mischievous attack on the Pentateuch.

DEATH OF MICHAEL APJOHN, ESQ.

We deeply regret to announce the almost sudden, and quite unexpected death of Michael Apjohn, Esq., which melancholy event took place yesterday morning at his residence, Abington, in this County. It appears this much esteemed and highly respected gentleman, well known in sporting circles as Master of the Abington Harriers, had been out hunting on the day previous, apparently in his usual health and spirits and with his accustomed hospitality entertained the members of the field to luncheon, but same evening complained of slight indisposition, of which he took no heed, and retired to bed as usual. Accustomed to early rising, he yesterday morning expressed a wish to lay in bed for some time longer, observing that he felt fatigued, having spent a restless night. This circumstance did not give rise to the slightest apprehension or alarm, and he was left alone in his chamber. In about an hour after Mrs Apjohn entered the sleeping room, and was horrified at finding him speechless and in a dying state. The shock was great—medical aid was promptly resorted to, but in vain—the vital spark had fled—the lamented gentleman was hurried from this world by apoplexy. In the domestic sphere Mr Apjohn was beloved for his endearing solicitude, and the numerous friends of one so generally known and respected will receive the sad intelligence with deep sorrow.

IMPROVEMENT OF LANDS—DRAINAGE.

EMPLOYMENT OF THE POOR.

This day, in pursuance of a requisition to the High Sheriff of the County, signed by the county and city representatives, by landed proprietors, magistrates, clergymen, and landowners, a meeting was held in the county grand jury room at two o'clock, to take into consideration measures to be adopted for the improvement of land, and also for the purpose of insuring the immediate amendment by parliament of the law regarding drainage with a view of relieving the severe distress which may be anticipated during the ensuing season. The High Sheriff (Joseph Gubbins (Kilfrush), Esq., was on the motion of the Right Hon. Wm. Monsell, M.P., seconded by acclamation, called to the chair. The following were also present:—The Right Hon. W. Monsell, M.P.; Colonel Dickson, M.P.; Major Gavin, M.P.; the Hon. Robt. O'Brien; The O'Grady; Robert Massey, Henry Maunsell, D. M. Maunsell, Esqrs; Capt. Ball, Thomas Boyse, Es., J.P. (High Sheriff of the City); Robt. Hunt, Esq., (Ex-High Sheriff of the City); and John Wilson, Esq., J.P. The meeting was presided over by the Right Hon. W. Monsell, M.P., and was again presided over by the Right Hon. W. Monsell, M.P.; M. R. Ryan, Esq., J.P.; John S. Dwyer, Esq., J.P.; Timothy O'Brien, Esq., J.P.; Thomas Costelboe, Esq., (County Coroner); Wm. Johnstone, Esq., J.P.; William Phayer, Esq., J.P.; Emond Galbitt, Esq., J.P.; Rev. Joseph

The war... peace. The more... of all reasonable... the State... renew it. We... ance for this... entirely handed... from some... afford no... The Paris... know that... the French... that Commission... ment of America... meet on... hostilities being... concessions and... the interests of... The Army... success at... by their complete... attack on... projected, or about... newspapers, and... conduct to bring... battles as those at... rally create a suspic... have been poorly... encounter with...

Estimates alone the... be enabled to remit... funds, the advocat... cause for lamentation... likely to impede progress... are left untouched; a... artillery may be expected... will be reduced.

MANSTON HOUSE... The total amount received... £11,900; and up to... remitted.

REDUCTION IN... The Army and Navy... Estimates alone the... be enabled to remit... funds, the advocat... cause for lamentation... likely to impede progress... are left untouched; a... artillery may be expected... will be reduced.

GENERAL... PLYMOUTH, SATURDAY... with the Cape mail, but... the sound without... The Cambrian left the... Helena, 29th, Ascension... The Ellora, with the... mails arrived at Southampton... valued at £50,000, and dated... Malta, 15th, Gibraltar, 19th...

PARIS, 24TH JANUARY... a despatch from Admiral... Vera Cruz, 16th; containing... which was advancing and... places on its route. 1200... had arrived from New... Santiago.

CADIZ, 24TH JANUARY... 24th December, state the... Jauniness, Vera Cruz, Galapa... Tampico, was advancing upon... The commander of the... Lady Monson is dead, having... a few weeks.

Mrs. Johnston Gordon died... in consequence of injuries... was so severely burned as to... hours.

MONETARY AND... The Daily News city... mation in the Stock Exchange... draws from the Bank.

Messrs. Maitland, Byrne, and... in '58, and discharged all their... just paid interest at 5 per cent... ditors.

The traffic receipts for Railw... Kingdom for the week ending... pared with corresponding... increase of 95 miles, and £1,370... Yesterday Metropolitan Railw... rience a further rise of 1 1/2... largeness of the traffic. Chatham... Eastern 1 1/2 per cent. on the... arrangement. Accordingly... of a work... he spoke so long... not stand... agreement... shall be no rivalry at points... be said to come in contact.

LONDON FUNDS—THE OPENING PRICES Money

... of the... the... at a... a... ed... con... The... and the... man in the... length upon... the war... overtaken... have "an... estimates... a... Wednesday... Rife Volun... elegant... we do... in St... Rife corps... account for... galleries... who is now... Then, engaged as... Banks, instrumenta... tin Lazare... ) Moreover... of Mr... Hon. C. H... St. George's... ter to the... net-a-piston... and "sen... appeared... all with tu... when he... ble player... ue, and his... flourishes... ward man... effect than... sages. His... as Julien's... which he sub... Luna;"... of "La... morceaux,"... position of... from... d by Lieut... thrice—the... ous sight."... a new song... of Wales."... ed with in... sion it l... mp Herald... SPERATE... OF LIFE—... MUR... HTER ON... n mail s.s... 0th, has ar... on, after six... back on his... had fought... as attacked... a fighting of... reme. Batt... retaken;... and to hand... the defences... 000 to 5,300... as sent out... he has not... his safety... retreated... the Confed... federal loss... ess provid... for twenty... words were to be taken in the ordinary and usual acceptation and in their accustomed sense, when another interpretation was not given to them by an innuendo, which they might be capable of bearing. The publication went on to enumerate the list of judgments affecting debtors, and the publication on the 24th of May, in reference to the plaintiff, was as follows:—"Debtor's name, M'Nally (George); residence, College-green; trade, a jeweller; court, Exchequer; amount, £157 4s.; costs, £7 4s. 11d.; creditor, Edward Johnstone;" meaning thereby on the 24th of May the plaintiff was a judgment debtor of the said Edward Johnstone in the sum of £157 4s., and £7 4s. 11d. costs. The summons and plaint went on to aver that by reason of this publication the plaintiff had been greatly injured in his trade, credit and reputation, and that divers persons (enumerating them) with whom he had traded, and by whom he had been supplied with goods—in consequence of this publication—withdrew their credit, to the damage of the plaintiff, in the sum of £2,000. This charge was repeated through the other counts as they were formerly called of the summons and plaint, or, as they were now designated, paragraphs, varying the statement of the circumstances with more or less of aggravation. One of these circumstances of aggravation was, that in consequence of the publication the plaintiff was driven to bankruptcy; and another circumstance of aggravation was the allegation that the defendant knew it to be a false representation—namely, that on the 24th of May the plaintiff was a judgment debtor of Johnstone. He (the Chief Justice now came to the defence made as an answer to the summons and plaint, with this preliminary observation—that the question before the Court was in reference to the case of a trader, complaining of an injury to him in the way of his trade, and by the innuendo he affixed a meaning to the terms used in the publication; and, in reference to which meaning, if the party had a justification or excuse, he must justify or excuse the publication, the subject of complaint. There was a candid admission by the defendant's counsel that this was the law, and that the defendant must justify in the sense imputed by the innuendo. The defence stated that all the matters complained of in the several counts were one and the same, and it then went on to aver that Edward Johnstone duly obtained a judgment in the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, against the plaintiff, for the sum of £187 4s for damages, and £47 4s 11d for costs of the suit, and that the judgment was duly enrolled of record in said court, and duly registered, and not annulled, or vacated, or satisfied of record at the time of said publication; that the same was appearing of record, and registered as aforesaid, and that the defendant published what he had done bona fide and without malice. It was represented by the publication in the "Black List" that at that time, namely, on the 24th May, the plaintiff was a judgment debtor on account of judgment to Johnstone; it was stated to be of record, and not annulled or vacated; but it was not true that it was then in existing judgment, for it was not denied that it had been paid off previously, and therefore in truth and in reality, it was annulled; whereas it was here held out to the public that on the 24th of May, the date of the publication, the plaintiff was a judgment debtor upon an existing judgment duly registered, and upon which, therefore, there might forthwith have issued an execution against the trader. Before that day the judgment had been annulled by actual payment, which was as effectual for the satisfaction and extinction of the efficacy of the judgment as it had been satisfied upon record. A person had a right truly to report a matter of record as part of the proceedings of a court of justice, and to state a judgment as being one that had been recovered but annulled; but the legal right to publish a true copy of a judgment did not entitle a party to add a sting to the statement inconsistent with the truth, and to hold out a person as being a judgment debtor, when in reality, the judgment had been satisfied by actual payment. The other counts alleged, and there was no answer given to the allegations, that the defendant knew and was apprised of the fact that the judgment had been paid off, and that the result of the publication was the withdrawal of credit from the plaintiff, which led to his bankruptcy and ruin. This was a case where upon the record the Court had to deal with the complaint of a trader, in good credit, who had been brought to ruin and bankruptcy. It was said this publication was no libel, according to the definition of a libel given by Baron Parke, in a case reported in 6th Meeson and Welsby; but a libel consisted of more than the defamation of character, and what was alleged by the defendant, and which so seriously affected the plaintiff as a trader, was a false and malicious libel. It was averred, that he published what he had given to the public bona fide and with a very large malice, but the admission of the facts which have been enumerated, and the general allegation, notest labour in and near Dublin for years. The officer superintended the... contradicted that of his department... and the defendant could not avail