Accounts from Prague report that the educational tablishments are about to be closed in that city on count of the danger of war.

All the Vienna papers dwell upon the political im-ortance of the forced loan in Venetia.

Several Italian emissaries have lately been arrested Padua and Vicenza for endeavouring to persuade

e inhabitants to emigrate.
Rumours are afloat that the resumption of cash yments by the Bank of Austria has been postponed a year.

Preparations for war continue in Austria, and the triotic expressions of public opinion are undimished.

Students can now enter the army or volunteer corps certain favourable conditions, agreed to by the astrian Government,

The headquarters of General Benedek will be ortly removed from Olmutz to Trubau, a small place the Bohemo-Moravian frontier and the junction of e North Austrian railways. The tempest is moving in the direction of the Prussian borders.

The fortification works upon the left bank of the mube, near Vienna, are rapidly approaching cometion.

The Prusssan representative stated that Prussia had ver intended to decide question of the Elbe chies by an appeal to arms.

The Times says it would be deplorable if the obsticy or ambition of governments representing civilised d enlightened States should hurry Europe into war hout even the preliminary trial of pacific discussion, d yet such is the present prospect of affairs. The ee armed Powers have each in turn withdrawn so ch from the cognisance of the Conference that little importance would be left for the Conference to sider. A large share of the responsibility of war I rest with Austria if she rejects the opportunity Conference affords her of coming to terms with It is very certain that the appeal to sword will produce the most frightful calamities. s by no means certain that the result will leave stria with even as much as the Conference would loubtedly adjudge to her.

n all likelihood Berlin will be shortly fortified.

ny circumstances combine to recommend such a Its nearness to the Bohemian frontier, and defenceless character of the intermediate ground, fact of its being nearly surrounded by a continschain of broad and deep lakes, which greatly litates the erection of redoubts, and last, not least, urgent necessity of finding work for the thousands the hands thrown out of employ by the sudden pension of business, all contribute to render a cirivaliation advisable. The Kaiser's example in structing a formidable tete du pont in the imme-e vicinity of Vienna has given an additional imis to an idea having so many other grounds to urge eing realized.

rders have been issued by Napoleon III. to conrate 100,000 men at Chalons. The troops are to ch thither, to inure them to the fatigues of a poscampaign, and, what is even a worse sign e their bearskin caps at home. The French battle me includes a light cap, just as the Prussians n the habit of casting aside their helmets before ronting the enemy. The French admirals at bourg and Brest have been directed to keep their s in readiness for employment, it is supposed in Mediterranean. But this measure has probably reference to the Eastern than to the Continental

e semi official Nordeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung the Austrian declaration relative to the convon of the Holstein estates seems to be a direct ocation to war. The convention of those estates the declared object of dissolving those ties of iance, which, according to the treaty of Vienna, the Duchy of Holstein to Prussia, is apparently trant violation of the treaty of Vienna, and an k on the sovereign rights of Prussia, which she ind to resist; nevertheless Prussia will hope the last moment that Austria may yet see fit sist from carrying her declaration into effect. Von Bodelschwing, the Minister of Finance, is to relinquish his post in the ministry on acof ill health.

e armaments in Germany continue on all sides. whole of the Rhenish and Westphalian troops of ia are about to proceed to the borders of Saxony. will make use of three different lines of railway, ng only 60,000 garrison troops in the Rhenish sses, together with a small band of about 15,000 .000 field troops stationed at Wezlar. Not to the Rhine wholly unprotected, more Landwehr owever, to be embodied. As to Austria, we now positive intelligence that a new conscripordered. In Galicia, for instance, the town il of Lemberg has been directed to complete the persons liable to conscription by June 10. The to include all those born in 1843, 1844, 1845, igh it was those who were affected by the sweep cruitment carried out but a few months ago .born in 1846, who according to Austrian law

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## NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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All post-office orders and letters of credit and communications generally, to the Chronicle are to be addressed to the Proprietors, Mrs. Sarah Bassett, or William Hos

No communication whatever will be attended to unless authenticated by signature of the writer as guarantee for accuracy, but not for publication.

Advertisements intended for publication in the LIMERICK CHRONICLE should be sent to the office before 12 o'clock on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, otherwise they will be late for insertion.

## THE LIMERICK CHRONICLE

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 5, 1866.

There has been invented in London what is known there as "Richardson's Ether-spray Apparatus," an instrument of the most simple contrivance, but one of the utmost importance in alleviating pain during the performance of surgical operations, or the extraction of teeth. This "Apparatus," consists of an india-rubber bag with a long tube of the same material, attached to which is a small tube made of silver. The bag is filled with ether, and when the silver end is applied close to a particular part of the body, the bag is comwhich forces the ether through the tube against the applied part, resulting in deadening all feeling, and depriving the part against which the ether acts of all animation. If therefore a tooth were to be extracted, or a finger cut off, the application of the "Apparatus" would dealen all around the sore part so that a tooth could be extracted or a finger taken off without the least pain to the patient. This is an invention greatly needed, and although it is some time known, it is only now that Richardson's apparatus is being used in Ireland. Mr. Hare, Surgeon Dentist, has procured one for the usefof his patients.

Mrs. Lloyd of Tower Hill, Mr. and the Hon Mrs. George O'Grady, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O'Grady, are amongst the latest arrivals at Kilkee.

As evidence of the penny wise and pound foolish economy of not advertising excursion trains, we have to mention that the one which started this morning for Dublin contained but 35 first-class and about 70 third-class passengers.

The accounts which we receive from all parts of the country are of the most cheering character, the late rains having caused quite a luxuriance in vegetation. There was a great deal of heat in the atmosphere on yesterday, after the rains of the previous night, and to day a heavy mist which continued to fall up to the hour of our going to press must of course be attended with beneficial results, particularly where late vegetable crops have been sown.

We are glad to hear that Dr. M. Breen, nephew of the respected parish priest of Kilkee, and late sur-geon in the Federal Army, has been unanimously el-ected medical officer to the important district of Labasheeda, Co. Clare, rendered vacant by the death of the late Dr. Finucan.

At the City Police Court both on yesterday and to-day, James Spaight and William Johnston, Esqrs., presiding, the only cases disposed of were those of drunkenness, very few, and in which nominal penalties were imposed.

A deputation waited on the Lord Liutenant yesterday, at the Viceregal Lodge, for the purpose of presenting his Excellency with a memorial in favour of union rating. His Excellency intimated that he would forward the memorial to the Chief Secretary for Ireland.

The Bruff weekly butter market was well attended on yesterday, and every firkin in the market was bought up by Tipperary and Limerick buyers, each evincing great eagerness to purchase. £3 7s. was the highest price, and the following purchases were made

—Fowler Rrothers, 71 firkins; Pat Kennedy, 68; Hueston, 38; Wilson, 29; Longbottom, 36; Swayne, 67; Boyd, 75; and Kaye, 70.

A correspondent informs us that the Rathkeale butter market will again open on Wednesday, the 13th instant, and be continued on each succeeding Wednesday during the season. Wednesday during the season. Surrounded as Rathkeale is by pasture land of the richest quality, and the facilities afforded to buyers by direct lines of railway to Limerick, Cork, Tipperary, and Waterford, there can be no doubt but that this market will be a boon to buyers and sellers, from the admirable arrangements made by the Rathkeale Town Commissioners for preventing any interference at sales, and that free competition shall exist. We are confident that Rathkeale will hold a place amongst the first markets of the province.

Amongst the numerous guests invited to the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoreses's ball on Friday night, were—His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant and the Countess Kimberley; Lord Adare; the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Vereker; Judge, Mrs. and Miss O'Brien; Brigadier-General and Mrs. Borton; Mr. Mrs. and Miss Croker Barrington; Mr. Mrs. and Miss Brereton; Alderman Jovnt: Mr. Mrs. and Miss Brereton;

and is one outry ome on which Dr. Mark has given a gratuitous performance for the inmates of this asylum, which speaks highly for the humane feelings that actuate this gentleman. On yesterday, at a meeting of the Board of Governors, a vote of thanks was accorded to Dr. Mark "for his thoughtful kindness in giving a gratuitous performance at the institution, which was a source of great delight and amuse-ment to the inmates."

It is the Doctor's intention to return to Limerick, when he will give a performance on the 25th and 26th of June, for the benefit of the Protestant Orphan Society.

THE LATE DR. HARVEY, F.R.S. & L.S., M. R.l.A., &c.
The Irish Farmers' Gazette, announcing the death

of this eminent gentleman, who was a Limerick man, being son of the late Joseph Massy Harvey, Esq., of this city, and who filled the Botanical chair in the University of Dublin, thus writes in a biographical sketch of the deceased:—"He had been ailing, with an occasional rally, for the last couple of years, so much so that he was unable to occupy the professorial chair, and deliver the usual course of lectures in the University-that important duty devolving on the one of all others he considered most competent for the task, Dr. E. P. Wright. That his penetration was acute and his confidence in his young friend's great and varied abilities not misplaced, may be gathered from the fact that the number of students attending Dr. Wright's lectures have been much over the ave-Towards the end of last year Dr. Harvey was advised by his physicians to winter in a milder climate than that of Dublin. Devon was selected, the winter and spring were over, and it was hoped releatless malady—phthisis—claimed its victin, and at Torquay, on the 15th ult., death terminated his sufferings, and deprived science and our University of their most distinguished ornaments, and those who had the honour and advantage of his acquainstance of the truest and gentlest of friends. Marine Botany was his speciality, and, as an Algologist, we believe he had no equal. Previous to his departure, some thirty years ago, for the Cape of Good Hope, to undertake the duties of treasurer to that colony, and where, during his official career, he was known as the Hon. Wm.Henry Harvey, he described the Algæ of Ireland for the Flora Hibernica of his old and valued friend, the late Dr. Mackey.

"During his residence there he made himself familiar with the botany of South Africa. His Flora Capensis testifies to his labours in that quarter of the globe. His Phycologia Britannica, or History of British Seaweeds, containing character, synoymes, and descriptions of all the species of Algae inhabiting the shores of the British Isles, with coloured plates, drawn by the author, is in itself an enduring monument to his memory. Then his Synopsis of the same work. He visited the Australian continent, and we have the result of his labours there, in his Phycologia Australica, comprising coloured figures of the more characteristic MarineAlga of New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia, and Western Australia, and also a Synopsis of all known Australian Algæ. This magnificent work was the result of his arduous toil and personal exploration of the shores of that vast continent. He also published a supplementary work—his Nereis Australis, containing figures and descriptions of Marine Plants on the shores of the extra tropical Auscollected tralian colonies, New Zealand and the Antarctic

regions. On occasion of the Chair of Botany in our University being vacated some years ago by Dr. Allman, Dr. Harvey was unanimously selected to fill it. His acceptance of it shed new lustre on his Alma Mater. On his marriage, a few years since, he left his college quarters and went to reside in one of the most agreeable suburbs in Dublin. There, occupied with his professional duties, and in the charge of the Herbathe revision of his works, and the production of others on which he was engaged, he scarcely per-ceived the inroads of disease until serious symptoms unmistakably developed its existence. All that professional skill and care could do was done, air and scene were changed, but in vain, and now, not in Irish soil, but in the graveyard of Torquay, rest the remains of our distinguished and lamented country-

The following are the acceptances for the Duhallow Handicap at Kanturk Races, June 7th and low Handicap at Kanturk Races, June 7th and 8th—Mary May, 11st 2lbs; Decision, 11st 2lb; Maid of Honour, 10st 3lb.; Jolly Tinker, 9st 9lb; Defiance, 9st 5lb.; Ranger, 9st 3lb; Rambler, 9st 2lb; Lady Barrymore, 8st 12lb; Young Vixen, 8st 10lb.

John O'Driscoll, of Macroom, arrested some time

since on a charge of Fenianism, and John Green, alias Frederick Willis, recently convicted before the Recorder of Cork for stealing 100 sovs. and sentenced to seven years' penal servitude, were removed toge-ther to Mountjoy prison, Dublin, on Friday evening, under charge of Constable M'Auley and a subconstable from Shandon-street station.

At an election by the Roman Catholic clergy of Armagh, Dean Kieran, of Dudalk, has been declared dignissimus; and Dr. Russell, of Maynooth, dignior England this d

The 30th reed to Ja Foot.

The 31st mand of Li sea Commoi Lieutenant-Two con

left Cork B

one compan Another cor for Yougha Col. A. C has leave of 23rd March vid the Cap The 59th

5th Fusilier The follow giment at M -Major Fe tion of a me den; Lieut Ensings Dix Captain Pag vate affairs.

In conseq Royals and 1 stationed in 1 volunteering of the 10th

The latest 2nd Battalio for Melbour

Captain H Atkinson, of the Curragh Company of the Royal sq Company, w morning und Donaghy. The G Bat

the command station on Fr Charles Fort, present, for

course of gun On Tuesda eronians din street, St. J presided. Colonel Blac Elderton, Cap Lowndes, Cap Preston, Lieu Gosling, Mr.

The annual olace on Frid: Bishopsgate-si men were pre Col. Webb 1 Douglas Jon Trevellian, M. Sotherby, Ma Dundas, Capt. Dundas, Capt. Capt. Mitchel John H. Gum Ellis Houlton Malim, and M ray presided or rated shortly a

The depot c Colchester, th and Tulloch. Ensigns Broug sent with the women, and 36 from the Cape

8th Depot Bat The depot c tached to the there for Grav Lady Wodehou their arrival fro are Capts. J. I Trevor, Christ Anderson. L commanding th men before leav

Lord Clarenc inst. in H.M.S. salutes took pla inspecting the c Lordship also i &c., paid som Deputy Inspect

Up to Friday successor in con ness had not tra meantime, Com tinues to sign official routine

Captain Rand Sheerness, has l Powell in comm