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Mr. John F. Townsend, Q.C., L.L.D., instructed by Mr. Anderson, Crown Solicitor.
Mr. M'Meehan and Mr. Michael O'Loughlin instructed by Mr. John Lawless, defended the prisoner.
Colonel Nugent, the Deputy Judge-Advocate, assisted by Mr. Boyd, Barrister, read the following charge.—For having in the month of January, 1866, at Carrick-on-Suir, come to the knowledge of an intended mutiny of her Majesty's troops in Ireland, and not giving information of the said intended mutiny to his commanding officer.
The Prisoner pleaded not guilty.
Colonel Feilding then proceeded to state the case for the prosecution. He said.—The government in this country in November last received a letter from New-York to the effect that Stephens had been heard to say that a Sergeant-Major named M'Carthy, at Clonmel, had shown him (Stephens) the magazine there, and had permitted him to have a key made that would unlock it. Now it so happened that there was at that time a detachment of the 53rd Regiment at Clonmel, of which the prisoner, Colour-Sergeant M'Carthy, was acting sergeant-major. A copy of this letter was sent by his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant to Sir Hugh Rose, who made inquiries, the result of which was the arrest of Colour-Sergeant M'Carthy and others. Now, previous to the receipt of the letter the Irish Government knowing that the country about Clonmel and Carrick-on-Suir were the very hotbed of Fenianism, decided to send detectives to mingle with the conspirators to watch and report upon their movements and plans. The man chosen for this perilous duty was Constable Thomas Talbot. This detective was at Carrick-on-Suir in the months of January, February, March, and November, 1865, and again in February, 1866. In order to conceal his identity and his object he assumed the name of Kelly, and ostensibly filed the post of water-bailiff (an office connected with the inland fisheries of that district). He was, therefore, deemed by the inhabitants as one of their own class, and as such he became acquainted with the leading Fenians of that district. He was permitted to attend their meetings, and, in fact, was treated by them with the confidence they would have shown towards a man in his supposed position of life. It was about the end of the year, 1865, that Talbot (then Kelly), first met with the prisoner, and very soon afterward, on the 1st of January, 1866, he saw that there was strong cause of suspicion against him. On the 1st of January the constable will tell you that he was in Byrne's public-house in Carrick-on-Suir, in company with Philip Morrissey and John Daniel, when M'Carthy and another soldier of the 53rd Regiment came in. The sergeant came there by appointment to meet Morrissey, who introduced Talbot and Daniel to M'Carthy. Morrissey told M'Carthy when he introduced him that Daniel was Sub-Centrie of Carrick. M'Carthy at that time stated that the removal of his company from Clonmel to Carrick was a great loss to the cause, as he had all the guns (there was a battery of Artillery at Clonmel), and all their ready to hand over to the Fenians the moment the work commenced; that he had got keys made for some military arm-stores there, and that he could distribute them at a moment's notice. He also made a sort of speech to the effect that he had looked into the matters connected with the cause at Carrick, and that he thought that there was too much talking; that they ought to keep quiet and silent; that victory was at the doors; that the civilian Fenians would not have much fighting to do, as they, the soldiers, would do most of the work for them. He concluded by saying that if he remained at Carrick he would soon get it in as good order as Clonmel. Now it will be shown to you that Reilly, of the 53rd, was present at the time, and it is a suspicious circumstance that a man in M'Carthy's position should admit a private into such an intimacy with him. I may mention that Private Kelly is awaiting trial on similar charges to those on which the prisoner has been arraigned. On the 6th of January, 1866, Talbot went to Clonmel with Morrissey, and in Burke's public-house they met Daniel M'Carthy, Kelly, Mackey, and others. This man, Mackey, was the centre for Clonmel, and is now awaiting trial. At this meeting the state of Fenianism in Clonmel was discussed. Again, on the 30th of January, 1866, Talbot will tell you that he met M'Carthy, Brennan, and others in a public-house in Bridge-street, Carrick, at which both M'Carthy and Brennan made use of language which showed only too clearly the mutinous nature of the conspiracy, and the treacherous part they were ready to perform in order to further its objects. M'Carthy said that a regimental spy had been sent to Carrick, and had taken charge of all the arms and ammunition which had previously been entrusted to the care of him (M'Carthy), but that he could easily get the arms notwithstanding, because he would blow out the corporal's brains. Brennan here chimed in to the effect that he would manage that. I will draw the attention of the court to a few trifles which tend, however, to cause suspicion to fall on the prisoner. His intimacy with Lance-Corporal Brennan and Patrick Kelly, which will be proved to you by Talbot, who frequently met them in the same company, by Colour-Sergeant Lowe, and Sergeant

with regard to the time when the new bishop will permanently reside in Limerick, for, as chaplain to the House of Lords, his time will necessarily be occupied with his duties as such in London until he ceases to be a junior prelate, when his place will be occupied by whoever may be consecrated after him.
We regret to learn an sad accident which has befallen Brev. Col. the Hon. Eyre Chailoner Henry Massy, of the 95th Regiment, eldest son of Lord Clarina. The hon. and gallant gentleman, who is in India with his corps, was out on a recent occasion hunting amid the jungles near Bombay, when he was seized on the right shoulder by a tiger, who lacerated it so severely that he had, at the departure of the mail, been lying in a dangerous state. It was the news of this accident which prevented Lord Clarina from presiding at the annual meeting of the Protestant Orphan Society.
The Irish Times understands that Alderman Wm. Lane Jynt will be nominated as Lord Mayor of Dublin for the ensuing year. Alderman Joynt filed the civic chair of Limerick a few years since with much credit.
On yesterday, an inquest was held by John Gleeson, Esq., Coroner, and a respectable jury, in the hospital of the New Military Barrack, on the body of Private Joseph Warren, of the 78th Regt., who was drowned on Saturday evening last, while bathing in the Shannon, off the King's Island Bank. It appeared from the evidence of Private Geo. Roberts of the same regiment, that he went on Saturday to the Salmon Weir Bank, accompanied by Privates Plunkett, Kane, and Rodgers, of the 73rd, about two o'clock to bathe, and one of whom, Kane, did not enter the water. The witness having stripped, and gone into the river, swam about for a time, and then came out to rest himself on the bank, leaving Rodgers swimming about, and Plunkett, who could not swim, paddling near the bank in shallow water.—The deceased came down on the opposite side and asked if the water were deep, when Rodgers, who was swimming over to that side, replied that it was, and not to enter unless he could swim. Rodgers swam to the bank, where he rested, while Warren undressed, and went into the water to swim about.—He was immediately followed by Rodgers, who proceeded to swim across to the Salmon Weir Bank, where his companions were, and he quickly got ahead of Warren, whom he left behind. Roberts, who in the meantime, after he had rested himself, jumped into the water to have another swim, perceived the deceased with his hands above his head, working in the water, which was above his mouth, and he immediately swam over to where he was, to render him assistance. Deceased sank, but Roberts lifted him up, and was trying to assist him, when deceased endeavoured to seize him by the arm. He at once pushed deceased aside, when the latter again sank, and Roberts having swam round him, he seized deceased by the hair of the head, and called out for assistance, as the man was drowning. Deceased, in his frightened struggling state, then seized Roberts by the shoulder, and grappled with him, and to save himself he had to kick him off, and he made another attempt to pull him in, when deceased sank, and never rose again. There were two civilians standing on the bank who, witnessed the drowning of this poor soldier, but they never rendered any assistance, and when asked by Roberts they stated that they thought deceased was "gagging," or feigning drowning. Private Rodgers stated that he did not see deceased drowning when in the water, as his back was turned, and when he got on the bank he was so tired he feared if he entered the water again he would be drowned. The body was shortly after taken out of the river with drags. The jury returned a verdict that deceased was accidentally drowned on Saturday while bathing in the Shannon. He was a young man about 21 years of age, and had joined the regiment about six months ago from New-bridge, of which he was a native. His remains were interred in the new Roman Catholic burial ground shortly after with military honours.
We have to acknowledge copies of the following bills that have been introduced into Parliament, kindly sent to us by Edward J. Synan, Esq., M.P., and which relate to Ireland:—Drainage and Improvement of Lands Bill, to secure the repayment of public moneys advanced for the drainage and improvement of lands and other like objects in Ireland; a Bill to Amend the Representation of the People in Ireland; Bill to provide for the better maintenance of works executed under the acts for the Drainage of Land in Ireland; the Grand Juries Presentment Bill; Bill to authorise a further advance of money for the purposes of Improvement of Landed Property in Ireland; a Bill to amend the law relating to Life Insurances in Ireland; a Bill to enable to cooperate and other public bodies in Ireland to grant superannuation allowances to officers in their service in certain cases; a Bill to encourage the establishment of lodging-houses for the labouring classes in Ireland; a Bill to extend the provisions of the act for the encouragement of the Sea Fisheries in Ireland by promoting and aiding with grants of public money the construction of piers

came from Templemore for the occasion, and dancing was kept up with spirit to an early hour of the following morning, everything passed off with the greatest success and eclat.
By the last Indian mail we learn that Lance Corporal Lucas, of the 6th Dragoons, who was a principal witness against Lieutenant Dawson in the court of inquiry held last July, having confessed that his evidence on that occasion was false, has been tried by court-martial, and sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour. The finding was, however, reversed by General Adams.
His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant and Lady Wodehouse attended Divine service on Sunday at the Chapel Royal, Dublin. The sermon was preached by the Very Rev. the Dean of Limerick.
We have learned from a confidential source that the recent announcement of the appointment of the Very Rev. the Dean of Cork, as Dean of the Chapel Royal was premature, the vacancy created by the elevation of Dean Greaves to the See of Limerick not having been yet filled up.
The Rev. W. F. Seymour thankfully acknowledges the following contributions for the purpose of giving breakfast and dinner to the orphans:—Major Jones, £1; Sir David Roche, £1; Henry Maunsell, Esq., £1; Lieutenant-General Maunsell, £1; Mrs. Henry Maunsell, 5s; Miss E. Maunsell, 12s; J. E. Maunsell, Esq., £1; Miss A. J. Maunsell, £1; Gannell Fitzgerald, Esq., 2s 6d; Joseph Fogerty, Esq., 2s 6d; George Hore, Esq., 2s 6d; T. O'Brien, Esq., 2s; T. Gabbett, Esq., 2s; Mrs. Gelston, 5s; Major Vandeleur, 3s 6d; Miss F. Peacock, 2s 6d; Capt. Peacock, 5s; Capt. Croker (Grange), 10s; Dr. T. Gelston, 2s 6d; Rev. Charles Hare, 2s 6d. Also, £1 from Henry Maunsell, Esq., as his donation to the annual meeting.
The Secretary, Limerick Protestant Orphan Society, thankfully acknowledges the receipt of £50 from W. Bentley, Esq., Hurlestown, the bequest of the late Richard Bentley, Esq., Down House. Also, the subscription of Miss Selina Maunsell for 1865, £1.
Miss Dartnell, Wellington Terrace, thankfully acknowledges the following subscriptions for the District Visiting Society in St. Michael's parish, per Gamaliel Fitzgerald Esq.—Mrs. D. Gabbett, £6 for two years; D. Gabbett, £2 ditto; W. Gabbett, £2 ditto. Total, £10.
The Lord Bishop of Down held a Confirmation in Belfast, on Saturday, the 26th May instant, for Christ Church and neighbouring parishes, on which occasion 238 young people were admitted to that solemn rite. His lordship held an Ordination on Trinity Sunday, in Holywood Church, the candidates for the united dioceses of Down and Connor and Drogheda having been examined on the three preceding days by the Bishop, and his chaplains—Rev. John Gibbs, A.M., and Rev. Henry Murphy. The Rev. Charles Seaver, A.B., incumbent of St. John's, Belfast, preached on the occasion a very practical and impressive sermon, from Matt. xvi. 13. The following candidates were admitted to Deacon's orders:—Messrs. Horatio Nelson-Greeny, A.M., T.C.D.; Edmund Coiter, A.B., T.C.D.; William James Atkins, A.B., T.C.D.; Leonard Leaver Sullivan, A.B., T.C.D., on letters dimissory from the Lord Bishop of Derry; George Thomas Stokes, A.B., T.C.D., on letters dimissory from Lord Bishop of Kildare; James Houghton Kennedy, A.B., T.C.D., and Co.; Peter O'Meara, A.B., T.C.D.; and Henry Roper Taylor, A.B., T.C.D., on letters dimissory from his Grace the Lord Primate. Priests—Rev. W. R. M'Ilwaine, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. E. N. Hoare, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. James Boyce, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. A. J. Ard, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. R. E. Glenn, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. G. Vandeleur, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. S. Deacon, A.B., T.C.D.; Rev. W. H. D. Lodge, A.B., T.C.D.; and Rev. C. B. Campbell, A.B., T.C.D., on letters dimissory from Lord Bishop of Tuam.
The Lord Bishop of Kilmore, Elphin, and Ardagh held an Ordination on the 27th May (being Trinity Sunday), in the Cathedral Church of the diocese of Kilmore, where he was assisted by his chaplains, the Rev. Andrew M'Criscal, A.M., and the Rev. John R. Darley, A.M., who also presented the several candidates for priests' orders, as follows:—Thos. William Carson, A.M., T.C.D., parish of Kilmore, diocese of Kilmore; J. M'Creight Jackson, A.B., T.C.D., parish of Armagh, diocese of Kilmore; Thos. Kenmis, A.B., T.C.D., parish of Killenker, diocese of Kilmore; Frederick Forster, A.B., T.C.D., parish of Kiskeerin, diocese of Elphin; Alex. Major Kearney, A.B., T.C.D., parish of Mohill, diocese of Ardagh; Usher Beere Miles, A.B., T.C.D., parish of Kildrude, diocese of Meath, on letters dimissory from the Bishop of Meath. On the previous Saturday these gentlemen underwent a strict and searching examination by the Rev. and Ven. Archdeacon Martin, D.D., and Revs. John R. Darley, A.M., and A. M'Creight, A.M., the Bishop himself having an active part in the examination. A suitable and admirable discourse, principally addressed to the candidates, was delivered by the Rev. J. R. Darley, his text from Second Epistle of Paul to Timothy, chapter 1st and 2nd verses.
A meeting of the Roman Catholic parish of Brighetta was held yesterday to raise a subscription to the late Archbishop Dixon, at which the