

JURY—DUBLIN, Feb. 14. Dowe and a Common Jury... to recover the lands of county Limerick it appeared...

Q.C., Atkinson, Q.C., and instructed by Messrs Egan and The McDermott, Q.C., and Mr. Curran, Q.C., into the of £5,500 in gold from the

THE BANK ROBBERY. testimony was given yesterday for Mr Curran, Q.C., into the of £5,500 in gold from the one of the letter clerks in the on one afternoon, in the first he saw the prisoner in the bank in the afternoon. He saw the passage between the corner of the bank and the entrance door...

Hench, the witness stated that the matter on the 2nd of Feb. the 31st of January if he could appearance of the gold, and he On the following day, when quees in the bill safe, the reooler came back to him.

SOBLANEUS. telegram states that in conecads at Jeffersonville, Indiana, ons have been rendered homage is estimated at 1,000,000

Cincinnati correspondent says, ported to have perished by the lway depot. In some streets ough to float the largest river

accompanied by a Swiss lady, on Monday, but was expelled has gone to Bern to protest ish Minister against the treat-

of the recent convict riots at yesterday flogged in the prison-and. An additional force of the Royal Irish Constabulary on the island.

from Malta state that the season is now advancing. Consequent upon the almost unprecedented floods which prevail in the upper and lower Shannon and its tributaries, fly-fishing may be and to be an utter impossibility, and the anglers are forced to wait until more favourable times. Operations at the Salmon Weir are also completely, considering that the fish-baskets are completely covered by the flood. A few fine fish have, notwithstanding this, found their way to the shops of the vendors, and are readily disposed of at from 2s. 6d. to 3s. a pound.

By proclamation in Tuesday night's Dublin Gazette the Lord Lieutenant revokes his Proclamation of 18th July, 1892, which declared that from that date sections eight, eleven, twelve, and fourteen of "The Prevention of Crime (Ireland) Act, 1892," should be in force within the county of Louth, and his proclamation of the 8th August, 1892, which declared that from that date section eleven of "The Prevention of Crime (Ireland) Act, 1892," should be in force within the county of the city of Limerick.

At the City Police Court this morning, James Murray, senior, and James Murray, jun., were put forward by the Head-Constable stationed at Listowel, charged with stealing a number of cattle from a farmer residing near Listowel. The accused were arrested by the Constabulary stationed in this city on a description telegraphed by the police. The informations relative to the charge were read, and on the application of the Head-constable the accused were sent on a transmission warrant to be tried before the Justices at the next Listowel Petty Sessions.

The Kerry Evening Post says—On Sunday morning last the patrol found posted in the

take the earliest opportunity to make an important speech nece to the light thrown on his disclosures. Many criminals were punished were safely in Forster was being driven

be the transmission of cattle to other ports which, under ordinary circumstances, would have found their way to Dublin. Already several consignments of stock have made their way from the counties of Galway and Roscommon by the Waterford and Limerick Railway for shipment at Waterford. Doubtless it is to this port that the far larger portion of the eastern counties cattle will be now consigned, and we understand that, with a view to meet the increased transmission, ample preparation is being made by the Great Western Railway Co., whose splendid boat service will, if necessary, be doubled in capacity. The subject assumes, however, a still more important aspect than the mere closing of the port of Dublin, or the necessary inconvenience which arises therefrom to shippers of cattle. What if the disease which has made its appearance in the metropolis were to assume the form of an epidemic and spread fair to fair and from county to county, until the distemper invaded the land from sea to sea? We know how treacherous and how infectious is the malarial from which our flocks and herds have been hitherto comparatively free. Though the mortality is not usually greater than ten per cent., yet so debilitated becomes the beast which has been subjected to the attack that many months must transpire before a perfect recovery has been effected. Consequent of course upon the spread of the distemper, the Government would be necessitated to seal up every Irish port and prevent exportation of any kind taking place during its continuance, in the same fashion as it prevented importation during the prevalence of the great cattle disease which decimated the herds of England some years since. If such a terrible eventuality were to take place—and it must not be considered outside the limits of possibility—the value of stock would immediately suffer to a terrible extent, and the loss inflicted upon stock-holders would be heavy in proportion. From a dangerous crisis like this, any more than from mere casualties, no class or individual must be deemed free, and the thin crust upon which we confidently tread is at any moment liable to break, and plunge us we know not where.

Major C H Shepherd, the Norfolk Regiment, has been seconded for service as an Adjutant of Auxiliary Forces.

Lieutenant H Gordon-Fell was has resigned his commission in the Duke of Wellington's (West Riding) Regiment.

The Mayor and Mr Michael O'Gorman are candidates for the Aldermanship of the Customhouse Ward, vacant by the death of Alderman Quin.

At the City Police Court to-day, before Mr Irwin, E.M., 20 men were fined 10s each and cost, for having been drunk and disorderly yesterday evening. There was no other case before the court.

A draft for the 2nd Battalion Oxfordshire Light Infantry will proceed from this garrison to Cork, en route to Queenstown, about the 2nd prox, to embark in the Majesty's ship Serapia for conveyance to India to join headquarters.

At the County Petty Sessions to-day, before Mr Robert Hunt, J.P., and Major Evanson, E.M., and again remanded, the injured man not being able to attend. The other cases were unimportant.

On next Saturday, at his Padlocks, Military Road, Mr F. W. McCarthy, Auctioneer, will hold his fortnightly horned cattle sale. The programme consists of over eighty in-calf heifers and dairy cows, and such a large entry must draw together a large crowd of buyers, as the season is now advancing.

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FUNERAL OF ALDERMAN JOHN QUIN, D.L.

The funeral of this amiable, estimable, and charitable gentleman took place yesterday. At half-past 10 o'clock yesterday morning the bells of the several Roman Catholic churches commenced tolling; and, soon after, well-appointed carriages drove, towards the Crescent and formed into line. The streets from the Crescent to the Bank of Ireland were lined with respectable citizens, who were waiting for the hour at which the funeral was to take place. Just as the several public clocks in the city were striking the hour of eleven, all that was mortal of Alderman John Quin, esq., from his late residence, George-street, borne on the shoulders of six of his own employes, and was placed in the hearse. Immediately the procession was formed in the following order, viz.—First came twenty-six Roman Catholic clergymen wearing scarfs and cypresses; then the Rev. Dr. Butler, Roman Catholic Bishop of Limerick, in his carriage; the deceased Alderman in the hearse containing the body of the chief mourners, the Messrs. James and Stephen Quin (sons deceased); Mr Thomas E. O'Brien, J.P., South Hill; Mr Francis Kearney, solicitor, Limerick; Mr W. B. Joyce, B.L.; then the Corporation Officers in uniform; next the Mayor, with several members of the Limerick Corporation; then followed, walking and two a long line of the leading citizens of Limerick; next the mourning coaches, the procession ending with a long array of the carriages of the elite of the county and city of Limerick. In this order the procession moved down George-street, up William-street, Mulgrave street, and on towards the Mount St. Lawrence Cemetery, where the family vault is situated. All along the route the several business premises had their shutters up, and the footpaths were crowded with persons who assembled to pay a last tribute of respect to the remains of a gentleman who by his amiable, kindness, genial manner and unbounded munificence had earned the esteem of the upper classes as well as that of the humbler people. On reaching the grave, the coffin was carried on the shoulders of the people towards the beautiful little mortuary chapel, presided by the bishop and clergymen; chanting the burial service of the Roman Catholic Church. The body was then taken inside, and after some further religious ceremonies had been solemnised, the coffin was again brought forth, and at the mouth of the tomb the funeral services were completed. The assembled multitude then uncovered their heads, and the body was laid in its resting place, until that day, when the last trumpet shall sound and the earth shall give up her dead. The body was enclosed in a suite of coffins, the inner one being of mahogany, upholstered and lined with satin, the next was the usual lead coffin, while the outer one was of solid antique brown oak, beautifully carved, with ornate mountings, Crucifix, and breast-plate, which bore the following inscription, viz.—"JOHN QUIN, Died February 11th, 1893, Aged 70 years, R. I. P."

Amongst those who attended or sent their carriages were Mr. Thomas E. O'Brien, J.P., South Hill; Mr Robert Hunt, J.P., George-street; Mr James Spaight, J.P., George-street; Mr J. C. Delmege, J.P., Castlepark; Mr W. Sidney Cox, C.E., George-street; Mr Matthew, J.P., George-street; Mr John McDonnell, Fairy Hill; Alderman J. F. Walker, Limerick; Mr E. Smith, Mallow-street; Mrs Greene, Shannon View; Mr Wm Spillane, J.P., Shannon View; Mr A. Murray, Portland; Dr W. D. Murphy, J. P., Mount Mungret; Mr James F. Bannatyne, J. P., Sumner-street; Mr John McKern, Orelands; Mr Samuel L. Strand; Mr R. M. J. Clery, Maryville; Colonel Healey, D.L. Rich Hill; Mr F. G. Kennedy, George-street; Mr Michael Hartigan, George-street; Mr M. Toomey, Ballinacra House, Mr P. D. Bourke, Mallow-street; Mr D. Timmins, Crescent; Mr W. H. White, Richmond; Mrs O'Callaghan, Lota; Mr M. Egan, Mallow-street; Mr John Eiland, George-street; Mr W. F. O'Grady, Ballybrone House; Mr J. E. Tinsley, J.P., Castle Ville; Mr B. O'Donnell, William-street; Mr Geo Harris, Templeunghret; Mr Laurence Kelly, Moylish; Archdeacon Jacob, Kylesglass; Mr E. V. O'Brien, Old Church; Mr James Harris, Hartstone House; Capt Mark Maunsell, J.P., Strand House; Mr F. W. McCarthy, George-street; Mr P. J. Synan, M.P., Ashbourne; Mr F. S. C. Hobson, M.P., Asheriff, George-street; Colonel Maunsell, J.P., George-street; Mr J. G. Ryan, River View; Very Rev. R. Bunbury, Mr J. Vanderkiste, J.P. Capt Vandekiste, Mr E. M. Russell, Mr Hampden W. Russell, Mr G. Galston, Mr F. T. Finch, Rev Dr Wilson, Mr F. W. Jones, Mr C. Armstrong, Mr M. E. Murphy, Mr John Brady, Mr Archibald Murray, Mr J. M. Egan, Mr W. L. H. Hunt; Capt Hunt, B.N.; Mr John Gordon, Mr Thomas Hewson, B.L.; Rev F. C. Meredith, Rev James Dowd, Mr H. P. Wilkinson, Dr Kane, J.P.; Rev H. B. Hewson, Rev J. Griffith, Mr A. W. Shaw, J.P.; Mr J. Blackall, Rev E. H. Cotter, Mr E. Harris, Mr Wm Hosford, Mr P. S. Phillips, Mr W. Cantillon, Mr B. Browning, Mr A. Connolly, J.P.; Mr T. A. Funnell, Mr John Lavertine, Mr E. H. Po Hosford, Mr J. M. Funnell, Mr B. Burington, Mr James MacNamara, Mr W. M. Beuchamp, Mr E. H. O'Callaghan, Mr Joseph F. E. Alabon, Mr S. H. Holmes, Mr C. Pitt, Sub-Sheriff; Mr S. H. Holmes, Mr Wm Carroll, Mr H. Blackall, Mr A. C. Wallace, Mr Wm Clerk; Mr T. MacMahon, Cavan, J.P.; Mr J. F. Devitt, J.P.; Mr H. Begley, Mr W. Abraham, Mr James Nash, Mr N. J. Barry, &c. &c.

The funeral arrangements were carried out by P. McCarthy & Sons, George-street, and the hearse was supplied by Mr M. O'Began, Cecil-street.

DEATH OF MR. JAMES BARRY.

The melancholy intelligence reached this city last evening that Mr. James Barry, of the

VALUE OF LAND IN COUNTY LIMERICK.

The interest of two farms in the County of Limerick was put up for sale by public auction yesterday (Wednesday) at the sales-rooms of Mr Henry J. Gilerson, auctioneer, Kilmallock. There was a very large attendance, and the bidding was very spirited. The first farm put up for sale was Tullerby, which was for many years and up to the time of his death in the occupation of Mr William Bolster, Chairman of the Kilmallock Board of Guardians. It contains 184 acres and 24 perches, Irish, equal to 298a 1r 12p statute, at the yearly value of £300. The poor law valuation is £240. Lord Ely gave his consent to the sale. The bidding commenced at £200, then £200, and quickly advanced by £100 bids up to £1,800; then £1,850, £1,880, £1,910, and by £10 bids up to £2,150, and then £2,300. Mr Griffiths, of Cork, then bid £2,010, and after dwelling on this for some time the sum of £2,600, the reserve price, was bid for it, and there being no advance it was bought in at that sum. The next lot was a small farm of 41r 2p of Bulgadenady, at 23 3s an acre, held by Mr D. Cleary, under F. O'Grady Evans, Esq, who has consented to give the purchaser, if approved of, a judicial lease for 15 years at the present rent. There was very brisk competition for this lot. It commenced at £50 and by £10 up to £110, then £150, and by £20 up to £180, and then £200, at which it was knocked down to Mr Bartholomew Brosnan, Louis Street. Mr Gilberson conducted both auctions in his usual excellent style, and gave great satisfaction.

THE PROCLAMATION OF THE LORD LIEUTENANT.

Imperial Hotel, Cork, Wednesday. DEAR SIR,—In respect to this morning's Cork papers that the Lord Lieutenant has revoked the order proclaiming the City of Limerick. When I called attention to the great injustice to Limerick in having the City proclaimed—and notwithstanding repeated applications for its revocation, was unnecessarily continued—I felt there was no other remedy but to keep the injustice constantly before the public, and I was certain Earl Spencer would make himself acquainted with the real state of the City. I presume he must have done so, and the result is the revoking of the order, which was so long and so unnecessarily allowed to remain in force. Many—yourself among the number—blamed me for so often and so persistently referring to the continuance of an order which was entailing such heavy expenses on the already overburdened ratepayers, and my opposition to the payment of police expenses, which were sought to be unjustly placed on Limerick. I was told again and again—"O, where is the use—we must pay." Well, you see—something has been gained—and I feel certain more will be gained—in haste, yours, &c.,

LIMERICK LAND SUB-COMMISSION.

The business of the Commission was resumed to-day at half-past ten o'clock, by Mr R. Reeves, Q.C., Mr C. O'Keefe, and Mr Nash, sub-commissioners.

The Commissioners will deliver judgment to-morrow in the cases heard at Kilmallock recently, and also in some cases heard at Newcastle West. Thomas Fitzgerald, tenant; Lord Cloncurry, landlord.

The holding is situate at Dromela, and contains 160 acres 1 rood and 10 perches, statute; equal to 88 acres 8 roods and 35 perches, Irish; rent, £240 a year, valuation, £114 10s.

Mr H. Blackall, solr., appeared for the tenant, and Mr Shannon, solr., instructed by Mr W. M. Beuchamp, solicitor for the landlord.

The tenant deposed that he came into possession in 1849, when he purchased the interest of a man named Wm Ryan, for £250. He bought the stock on the farm, and farming implements; the value of which witness estimated at £400, so that he only paid £250 for the farm. The rent then was £130 15s 8d a year; the farm was held under lease which expired in 1869. Witness erected a cowhouse in 1864; he got £24 from the landlord towards the building of it. He expended £35 in the sinking of a pump. All the buildings on the farm, except two out-offices, were built by him. He got notice in 1872 from the agent of Lord Cloncurry that his rent would be increased. He met the agent in Limerick subsequently, and told him he could not pay an increased rent; but ultimately the rent was fixed at £170 a year. Witness retained 45 acres. He commenced to drain it about twenty years ago. He also erected fences. He got twenty years in 1880. He frequently applied for abatements of rents before the agitation commenced, but his request was not complied with. For the last five years he had lost considerably by the farm. He kept an account of the butter he gets off the farm. From 1873 to 1882 he got 684 firkins of butter, which was on an average something over two firkins to the cow, and the total amount of money he received for the butter was £2,220 14s 8d. He had on an average twenty-eight cows each year. The supply of water on the holding in dry years was totally insufficient. He has two labourers constantly employed. His family work the dairy.

Cross-examined by Mr Shannon—The first letter he wrote to Lord Cloncurry was on the 1st November, 1881, seven days before he served his petitioning notice, asking for an abatement of the rent. Lord Cloncurry sent Mr P. Griffin to value the land. The latter valuation was communicated to witness by Mr Beuchamp on behalf of the landlord, but he would not accept his valuation. He lost about £1,100 on the holding, which included the £200 he paid for the land; out of the balance of £500 are to be deducted the mowings expended in buildings and other improvements. He kept no account of the number of young stock he had every year. He supposed he had on an average fourteen calves yearly. He had eight acres in tillage. Half of that is for the milch cows. He has a son in the Excise. Some of the land was "skinned" before he came into possession. He was living in Limerick before he got the farm. He was there in 1819 was £195. The lease expired in 1869. The late Lord Cloncurry was the life in the lease. Three years after the death

ants, and Mr Shannon, B.L., B. Barrington, Esq., solr., for the land.

James Joyce, tenant, £1—This and contains 110 a 1r 12p statute. Rent, £218 8s 9d; valuation, £118 8s 9d.

Mr Andrew Hart, P.L.O., tenant valued the holding at £218 8s 9d. The valuation of Mr Peter valued the holding for the land. His valuation was £118 8s 9d.

Michael McMahon, tenant—statute. Rent, £288 18s 9d; valuation, £118 8s 9d.

Mr Griffin valuation was £288 18s 9d; valuation, £118 8s 9d.

Stephen Dowling, tenant—statute. Rent, £288 18s 9d; valuation, £118 8s 9d.

Thomas Malley, tenant—statute. Rent, £288 18s 9d; valuation, £118 8s 9d.

Mr Lohy's valuation was Griffin's £288 18s 9d.

Thomas Hogan, tenant—statute, equal to 108a 3r 4p 1r valuation, £213. The tenant came into possession in 1864, then £224. He paid £270 for stock. The present rent for year 1870. It is a dairy farm makes on an average £200 a year stated that he lost £200 by the year 1870.

Mr Thomas McMahon Q.C. valued the holding on the par £216.

Mr Duhig, also for the ter £206 2s 3d.

Mr Robert Hunt, J.P., the present rent was fixed after a lease in 1870. He informed was taking the land that it increased when the lease expired was not asked to have a dynam the farm, nor was he or the permission to hold races over a given permission for one year.

Mr John Egan, Mr D. P. Gair Messrs, and Mr Shannon, B.L. Messrs. Barrington, solicitors landlord. The farms are situated.

Charles Ahern, tenant—E 15a 0r 18p, statute. Rent, £19 15s.

Mr Harte, tenant's valuator, £23 18s 1d.

Mr Christie for the landlord an acre all round.

John O'Donnell, tenant—statute. Rent, £42; valuation, £14 10s 6d.

Mr Harte valued the holding and Mr Christie at £44 12s 14d, and

Thomas Horn, tenant—Ar statute. Rent, £30 15s; valuation, £14 10s 6d.

Mr Harte valued the holding; Mr Christie considered the £27.

Daniel Gorman, tenant—Ar tute. Rent, £15 6s 6d; valuation, £14 10s 6d.

Mr Harte valued the holding; Mr Christie valued it at £11 12s 6d.

NEWFALLS PETTY (FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT NEWFALLS, THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 11, 1893.)

EXTRAORDINARY CHARGE OF above the Newfalls Petty Sessions before Major Evanson, E.M., B.L., Mr William Ryan, a most expert of intimidation was investigated Constable Doran, of Doon, named Thomas Hogan, Der Daniel Murphy. "That they in December last, in the public Doon, use abusive and intir towards one John Ryan, a gr accused were undefended. T before the court was of a most It appeared that in the month the dead body of a weaver nam was found in the river near l when recovered presented a away, the head and arms beid ane. The remains were iden an individual who in his early a Scotch regiment, and had about the world, and was rel when he met his death. Imm verdict of the coroner's inqu were made for the burial of t cordingly it was given churchyard to be interred, was no sooner inside the grave rrounded by a large crowd, who objected to the body being inter yard. The funeral service was read by the Rev. Mr M'Laughl Rector, for it would appear C persuasion. When the servi the coffin was borne to a grave prosecutor Ryan, to whom the guage was alleged to have b the defendants. The body w invited to be interred in this grave was made at another e yard, but parties interred the above at a stand still when Co appeared on the scene, and stated he interred somewhere, and on third grave was made in the m leading from the public road. "The direct evidence in support tion was that Ryan, the grav s tructured by the defendants.

Mr Walsh, the Protestant so was in care of the church, and in question a noisy crowd churchyard, who, while the proceeding, were laughing and pression that was used, which a it was not right to bury an old down on a Roman Catholic wm The prosecutor Ryan, in p stated that he had got the dire lly in office to dig the grave.

For the defence it was cont was no intimidatory language mitted interference, but the i thought was justified when the