

k houses are served by a body of those excellent conduct and obligentitle them to the best consideration, employers, and the public will not any indulgence which can be counted them. So far as the houses, an arrangement between them—re sure, is quite possible, as it hasous occasions—would eliminate anys of commercial rivalry in consequence of the holiday. We areoyees may safely leave the consideration in the hands of the respective firms.

our space obliges us to hold over the Limerick Lunatic Asylum to

d. O'Donnell, and Irwin, B.M., City Police Court this morning, and in case of drunkenness.

monthly fair was held to-day. The large, and there was a good attendance. Prices were up to the average, was rather brisk.

ly meeting of the City Dispensary held yesterday, the Mayor present—Dr O'Shaughnessy, J.P.; Anglim, T.C. The business was

THE.—The very severe weather prevailed during the past few days, but the stormy March has come at last, cold north-easterly wind prevails, mornings thin ice may be seen on the England heavy snow storms have March has come in like a lion, and led that it will go out like a lamb.

THE CHIEF BARON.—The Chief suffering from a bad sore throat, Dublin by the mail train yesterday, Judge O'Brien will dispose of the business of the Assizes. Another Judge by his Lordship on the remainder. The Chief Baron was accompanied on by Mr A E Bannatyne, High a guard of honor of hussars and ce.

—It is reported that the Black went stationed in Belfast, will not Limerick as originally intended, and Lancashire Fusiliers from Edinburgh about the 10th April, replace the 9th Regiment here, the latter corps the Curragh. The Worcester—deservedly popular regiment in their departure from amongst us regretted.

JOHN GAFFNEY, B.L.—This young, who has been on a visit to his family for some months past, left here on going for Cork en route to the United Kingdom number of Mr Gaffney's friends attention to see him off, including the P. Morrissey, Mr H. O'Shea, Mr T. Ir Wm. M. Nolan, etc., who wished "bon voyage" and continued successful career in America.

by Mr. D. SIMMS, M.I.C.E.—As drainage works at Killaloe, which Works are carrying out under the direction of Mr David Simms, M.I.C.E., finished, he is being removed to a new work on the light railways in

£50 0s 0d, and the carrying of the balance, £30 1s 7d, to credit of reserve fund. Messrs Stephen Hastings, J.P., and Patrick Corbett retire by rotation, but are eligible, and offer themselves for re-election."

DEATH OF MR. D. J. JENKINS.

The *Western Daily Mercury* (Plymouth) has the following in reference to the death of Mr David J. Jenkins, who formerly commanded a steamer of the Limerick Steamship Company, and whose name, no doubt, will be familiar to many of the citizens:—

"Mr David James Jenkins, formerly M.P. for Falmouth, has just died at the Osborne Hotel, Torquay, where he had been stopping for a few days. The deceased gentleman had been in failing health for some time, and was ordered a sea voyage as a remedy. He left London for that purpose last month in one of the large steamers of his own company, and which travel regularly between England and Japan. A fortnight ago he arrived in Torquay, where he determined to try a change of air at Torquay, and for that purpose a suite of apartments was engaged at the Osborne Hotel, whither Mr Jenkins was removed with difficulty, he being so weak that he had to be lifted from his cabin and carried every step of the way. This was successfully accomplished under the direction of the medical gentleman who accompanied him from London. Fresh aid was called in, and Dr Midgeley Cash was consulted. Everything that care and attention could do, however, failed to arrest the dread enemy, and the end came on Thursday, Mr Jenkins dying from extreme exhaustion. Deceased was the son of the late Mr John Jenkins, of Haverfordwest, and was born at Exeter in 1824, being educated at Exeter and Teignmouth Grammar Schools. His early life was spent at sea. During the Crimean War he commanded a troopship in the Mediterranean, Baltic, and Black Seas. He was the proprietor of the Japan line of steamers trading under the name of Jenkins and Co., between London, Japan, and China. Mr Jenkins married twice, first in 1851, Bessie, daughter of the Rev. John How, of Cork, and secondly, in 1877, Alice, youngest daughter of Mr Goodwin Nash, of Malvern Wells. He represented Penryn and Falmouth from 1874 till the Home Rule crisis, and was a most faithful follower and supporter of Mr Gladstone. Mr Jenkins first entered Parliament with the late Mr H. T. Cole, Q.C., Recorder of Plymouth, in 1874, when they defeated Sir Robert Fowler, Bart., M.P., and Mr Eastwick, who stood in the Conservative interest. Mr Cole resigning on account of ill-health in 1880, Mr Jenkins was joined in the representation of Falmouth by the Hon B B Brett, the Liberal candidate for the East Cornwall Division at the next election, these gentlemen beating Sir Julius Vogel and Mr Henry Mayne. In 1885, when the redistribution of seats came into operation, and the representation of the United Boroughs was reduced to one member, Mr Brett retired, and Mr Cavendish Bentinck appeared on behalf of the Conservatives to contest the seat under the altered circumstances. Again Mr Jenkins was successful, and by a majority of 114 was returned with 1,180 votes. The following year, however, saw another general election on the Home Rule question, with the result that Mr Cavendish Bentinck won the seat by nearly as many votes as those by which he had been previously defeated by Mr Jenkins, who polled 998, or 90 less than his successful opponent. Mr Jenkins, however, continued his candidature up to the time of his death."

Mr Jenkins formerly commanded a steamer of the Limerick Steamship Company. The above may be of interest to those who may remember him or his first wife's family.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

Mr Coroner DeCourcy, with a jury held an

RIVAL MEETINGS AT HERBERTSTOWN

On Sunday last two meetings were held at Herbertstown, one in support of the National Federation, and the other for the purpose of organizing a branch of the National League the old lines, in support of Mr Parnell. The parish being divided on the question of leadership, there was a good deal of organization on both sides, and the clergy worked actively in support of the Federation. The Parnellite party undoubtedly the best of it in point of numbers and enthusiasm. Their meeting took place at the top of the village, while the McCarthy party occupied the chapel yard. Though the McCarthy party apparently ran pretty high between the two parties, everything passed off quietly with the exception of vigorous groaning and hissing which were directed against the anti-Parnellite force of police under command of District Inspector Loundes of Bruff, were drafted into the village to preserve the peace.

Both sides in the present controversy were represented by deputations from Limerick, who drove out on Sunday morning. The Parnellite deputation included, Messrs John M'Iner, Chairman Limerick Board of Guardians; Terence A O'Brien, M.P.; G.H. Lawlor (Secretary League), Hugh Coyle, J O'Neill, A C Wall, Town Clerk; Richard Troy, James F O'Grady, M'Enery and M J Keatings, *Limerick Leader*; Moloney, J Higgins, C Wilkinson, D Madigan, E Gleeson, Francis Gaffney, and D Matthe. The Federation party were represented by Messrs John Finucane, M.P.; William Abraham, M.P.; Jeremiah Anglim, T.C.; David Bennett, T.C.; John Clune, T.C., and E J Long. Among those also present at the Federation meeting were—Rev Canon Scully, P.P.; Rev J Humphreys, C.C., Rev James Connery, C.C., Rev Matthew Ryan, C.C., Rev Fr. O'Connor, P.P., Knocknagilly, Rev P. Murphy, C.C., do; Rev P. Godfrey, Knockaney, and several laymen.

Father Scully, P.P., presided, and in the course of his speech said he was no man's follower, never was—he would follow the principles of the course which he believed in his heart and could bring to the Irish people the realization of their hopes.

Mr Frank M'Guire proposed a resolution formally establishing a branch of the National Federation, and expressing sympathy for Messrs O'Brien and Dillon in their imprisonment.

Mr Thomas Fitzgerald, an evicted tenant, seconded the resolution.

The Rev Father Humphries, C.C., in supporting it, said it had now come to this, that in order to support the evicted tenants all over Ireland the Irish people should establish a new Federation (cheers)—a new organization by which the people of Ireland would be kept together by which they could be united, and here to-day they were asked to formally establish a branch in their parish (cheers).

Mr John Finucane, M.P., next spoke, and in an attempt had been made to import peace from the surrounding parishes for the purpose of disturbing their meeting. That was manifestly unfair, and though he hated English tyrants he hated Irish tyrants more.

Rev M Ryan, C.C., next spoke, and was followed by

Mr Abraham, M.P., who in the course of a speech said—They found to-day the National League a moribund and dead organization over the country—they found there was no money going into the coffers of the National League that from the county Limerick, at the last meeting of the National League in Dublin, a single pound or shilling was sent in for the maintenance of that organization. All over the county of Limerick they found the grants to evicted tenants had been discontinued, and therefore they found it necessary to come to the aid of this parish and ask them to join the National Federation (cheers).