

FASHIONABLE MARRIAGE.

ly refers to the marriage of Mr Roger-H. of North Durham, to Miss Mary f Mount Elva, Co Clare, and 28 Brussels, Brighton. The bride, young and gowned in white brocade, fastened with a diamond cross, was accompanied by four bridesmaids attired in tulle veils and ostrich feathers. The ceremony was attended by Captain Pease (Eastiment) as best man. After a reception in the presence of the bride's mother, the happy couple departed by the 5 o'clock express en route for the honeymoon where the honeymoon will be spent. Over 200 presents, those to the bride given by Irish friends and others.—The Mrs Randolph Stewart, Honble Mrs d, Count and Countess Strozzi, Lady Mrs Naylor Leyland, Lord and Lady ine Chichester, the Honble. Aubrey St Sir E. and Lady Harland, Sir Arthur and Mrs Irburn, and the brother of the bride, Creagh (7th Dragon Guards), who gave magnificent Indian embroidery. That afternoon (Thursday), a few doors higher No. 4) Brunswick Place, Mrs Duncan had an afternoon party from four to six, by Colonel Cleeve and his pretty girls, the two daughters of General North, Mrs Greaves, the Misses Winstanley, and several well-known Brighton residents. Mrs Furner is one of the best of Brighton, for she has the happy knack of making every room a pleasant meeting-place for out giving preference to any coteries or

SRS RICHARD SMITH AND CO'S CATALOGUE.

Richard Smith and Company (Limited), 100, Strand, London, have issued a detailed and very illustrated seed list for 1892, and as farmers immediately turn their attention to spring sowing, we should recommend their perusal of this admirable catalogue. Every description of seeds is so carefully classified, and there is such information with regard to price and to the sowing and rearing the various classes of seed that the agriculturist or horticulturist will find it difficult in immediately laying his hands on what he requires. The firm present an excellent catalogue of farm and garden seeds, and selected as far as possible only those of the best varieties. Messrs Smith and Company have deservedly high reputation in connection with their seed department, and those who inquire present stock will not be disappointed. In the vegetable list we find various varieties of beans, asparagus, beet, broccolis, Brussels cabbages, cauliflowers, carrots, celery, cress, lettuce, melons, onions, parsley, and numerous other classes. We direct special attention to their carefully selected specimens of seed potatoes, suitable for field and garden planting, and the mangel, turnips, grasses, and clovers will be found equal to all requirements. An interesting feature of the catalogue is the alphabetical list of flower seeds, with description of height, time of flowering, and so forth, as the price per packet. The Implement Department is under the management of an expert who has many years experience in the trade. It will be seen by the catalogue that Messrs Smith and Co. have fully catered for the wants of their numerous customers.

ATTEMPTED MURDER OF A LAND AGENT.

Condition of Mr Charles W. Perry, the victim of the atrocious outrage of Sunday week, is a turn for the worse, and to grave misgivings on the part of his friends. About noon on Friday morning an artery of the right limb suddenly burst, and he lost a considerable quantity of blood. Dr S Scanlan was at once summoned, as Mr Perry's condition was alarming, and he bound up the limb again, and admitted that there is grave cause for concern. At Mass at Tulla, on Sunday, Father Scanlan condemned the atrocious outrage in the strongest language.

ALLEGED OUTRAGE IN CLARE.

Kilrush correspondent telegraphs—A re-

Mr Parker, of Castle Lough, extremely regrets that he was unable to be present at the funeral of the late Sir James Spaight, as he was absent from home and unable to return in time for it.

THE RECENT ACCIDENT AT THE LIMERICK CLOTHING FACTORY.

An adjourned inquest was held yesterday at the Town Hall, by Alderman Counihan and Mr S B Quinn, in the absence of the Coroner, touching the death of a little girl named Mary Margaret Downes from the effects of a burning received at the Clothing Factory, Edward-street, where she was employed, and the circumstances of which are developed in the evidence.

Sergeant Sherwood represented the police, and Mr P S Connolly, the Clothing Factory.

Mr John Riordan, foreman of the helmet and cap department, deposed to seeing the floor on fire on the 14th inst; he seized some canvass, and tried to put out the flames, and whilst doing so the deceased ran towards him with her clothes on fire; he caught hold of her, and did his best to put out the flames, and then gave her to a man named Casey; half an hour after the girl thanked him for his efforts to save her.

Terence Casey stated he saw the girl pushed out of the glass door into the yard from the helmet department; she ran down the yard and fell; witness ran after her; her clothes were in flames; he caught her clothes, and in trying to tear them from her and quench them between his hands he put out the flames; he asked a woman for her apron to give her; some of the women came out immediately after her; she was lying on the ground.

Helina Crowe stated that the fire occurred by witness getting a bit of cork to light the gas, and a bit of it fell off; there was some of the solution on the cork; it was before twelve o'clock, but the room was dark; the piece of cork was a shaving off a helmet; when she applied it to the gas a small bit of it flew and fell into the solution underneath on the bench, which caught the can of solution; she caught the fire at once and ran as far as the door with it, and let it fall then; she then gave it a kick out the door into the yard; some of the solution got out of the pot and set the floor on fire; she did not see the deceased until she was put out in the yard.

To a Juror—She did not see any other part of the place on fire when she took up the can; if the whole place took fire they had no means to put it out except by water; the canvass in the place would be sufficient to cover a person and put out such fires as may occur; Mr Riordan is in charge of the gas, and he always warned them to be careful about it; it could not be lighted at any time of the day without his permission; she did not ask his permission on this occasion.

To another Juror—The deceased was between me and the door to which I brought the can.

To Mr Connolly—There is a taper for the purpose of lighting the gas and she never saw anything before used but the taper for the purpose; there were many warnings given by Mr Riordan to use only the taper, or if necessary to call a person to light the gas if the taper had been burned out; the solution is used for closing the helmets, and rests on a bench at which they work; there is no flame used in applying it.

Dr M. Riordan, Barrington's Hospital, stated that the deceased was admitted to the hospital on the morning of Friday, 15th January; she was then in a weak condition, and he found her suffering from a severe burn of the two lower extremities and both buttocks; she progressed pretty favourably until Thursday, the 21st, when the early symptoms of tetanus showed themselves; on the next morning, Friday, she was well pronounced; she grew gradually worse, and it terminated fatally on Saturday morning, the 23rd inst.

Mr Counihan said he believed there was sufficient evidence for the jury to decide that the deceased accidentally met her death.

Mr Connolly said when the accident occurred there was a general rush for the door, and only for Mr Riordan there might have been a serious panic. He acted with great activity. The surmise is quite plain, that when this girl (Crowe) was coming to the door with this can, which was a most heroic act, the clothes of deceased caught fire.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

At the Castleconnell Petty Sessions yesterday the case in which Mr J. B. Alton, Secretary to the Limerick Fishery Board, is complainant, and Mr Anthony Mackay, Fishery Conservator, Castleconnell, is defendant, was down for hearing. The charge against the defendant was for having failed to produce licenses for certain weirs at Castleconnell of which he was the supposed owner, when demanded by Frederick Hall, Head Water Bailiff. The offence was alleged to have been committed in the month of September last, and a prosecution having been ordered the case came on for hearing at the petty sessions in October, but was then dismissed without prejudice on the ground that there was no proof of the ownership of the weirs. On that occasion the complainant was represented by Mr W. E. Counihan, solicitor, and the defendant by Mr H. Blackall. The case of Mr Mackay was again brought forward at a recent meeting of the Fishery Board and it was decided to renew the proceedings against him.

The magistrates present were—Messrs J. B. Irwin, E M; R. J. Gabbett, W. J. Gubbins, and J. Shannon, E M.

Mr. W. E. Counihan, solicitor, appeared for the complainant, and Mr Blackall, solicitor, for the defendant.

At the sitting of the court, Mr Blackall said he was there to apply for an adjournment on behalf of the defendant, who was in London and unable to attend.

Mr Irwin—There is a second resident magistrate coming down and it would be better to defer the application until he arrives.

Mr Blackall—I merely apply for an adjournment and I don't know why his attendance is required.

Mr Counihan—I am here to oppose any application for adjournment.

Mr Irwin said Mr Shannon (who was not at this time present) would be there at twelve o'clock.

Mr Blackall said he did not see why the application could not be heard. There was nothing of importance in an application for adjournment.

Subsequently, when Mr Shannon arrived, Mr Blackall renewed his application, stating that he had instructions to ask for an adjournment in the absence of his client, who was in London, and he thought it an extraordinary thing, considering the facts, that the application could not have been acceded to by the other side. Two summonses were issued against Mr Mackay for, as alleged, having on the 9th of September last failed to show licenses for some eel weirs at Castleconnell. These summonses were issued on the 18th of the present month. In the month of September last summonses were issued against Mr Mackay for the very same offence, and when the case came before the magistrates at the Petty Sessions it was dismissed without prejudice. Since that day, the 5th of October, down to the 18th of January there had been no further action taken in this matter. Mr Mackay had been in Castleconnell ever since. Last week he left for London, and after he had left these summonses were issued and were left at the residence of his mother at Castleconnell. When the case was previously before the court it was dismissed on the ground that the complainant did succeed in making his case. He entered into no defence on that occasion.

Mr Counihan—On the contrary, you said you had no witnesses to call.

Mr Blackall then read some correspondence which had passed between the solicitor for the complainant and himself, with reference to an adjournment of the case, the result being that Mr Counihan would not consent to an adjournment, having no authority from the Conservators to do so. He now pressed for an adjournment which could in no way prejudice the case.

Mr Counihan opposed the adjournment. He said the defendant had ample opportunity of knowing that the prosecution was to take place, and there was no reason why Mr Mackay could not be present if his solicitor had telegraphed for him to London. Mr Blackall's statement disclosed no reason why Mr Mackay could not be present, and it would appear that that court had simply nothing to do but to meet Mr Mackay's convenience. He had brought witnesses from the counties of Limerick and Clare, and from Dublin at great expense, and an adjournment would seriously inconvenience the complainant. He had special instructions to proceed with the cases, and had no authority to accede to an

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