

Weekly Observer

CIRCULATES IN THE COUNTIES OF LIMERICK, CORK AND KERRY.

Vol. 2. No. 263.

(Registered at the G.P.O. as a Newspaper).

NEWCASTLE WEST, OCTOBER 15, 1921.

PRICE TWOPENCE.

TAILORING.

I have great pleasure in informing my numerous customers and the public generally, that I am in a position to supply **SUITINGS, OVERCOATINGS, AND COSTUME CLOTHS**

in excellent qualities, and in all the latest pattern designs and colour shades.

Whilst the value is high, my prices are extremely low, consistent with the sound, high-grade materials supplied.

The workmanship put into all the garments made in my workrooms is of the very best, and every order entrusted to me has my personal supervision.

I have recently added a Gentleman's Outfitting Department to my business, stocking it with a large and entirely new assortment of Shirts, Ties, Collars, Socks, etc., in a sufficient variety of qualities and prices to meet all requirements.

This department of my business will have the same care and attention as the tailoring department, and customers may rely at all times upon being well served with first-class goods.

A visit of inspection is invited, and will be greatly esteemed.

Soliciting the favour of your early commands.

J. J. LACY,
HIGH-CLASS TAILOR,
NEWCASTLE WEST.

PALMER'S

PURE FISHMEAL.

THE BEST FOR POULTRY.

To be had from

JOHN LEONARD
Bridge House, Newcastle West.

£10 TO £500—Farmers and others in any part of Ireland wishing to borrow money without security or delay, at low rate of interest, and easy repayments in strict privacy, and wish to be dealt with in a straightforward manner, will do well to apply to us for terms. Personal interview not necessary. Loans arranged through correspondence, and Cash sent by Post. **THE TOWN AND COUNTRY ADVANCE CO., Ltd.,** 33 Lower Ormond Quay, Dublin. 13-11-21

CABBAGE PLANTS FOR SALE

BEST VARIETIES FROM JULY SOWING

Now is the Time to Plant for Spring Cutting.

Apply to

J. O'SHEA,
Bishop Street, NEWCASTLE WEST.

MRS. K. LESLIE

General Grocer, China, Glass, and Earthenware Merchant,

Teas and Dinners, Board and Lodgings,
Malden St., Newcastle West.

EDUCATION

J. D. MUSGRAVE, Senr. (First of First-class National Board, First Honours and Medalist S. and A. Department, Mathematics, all the Physical Sciences, Physiography, Geology, etc.), is now ready to receive Private Students preparing for Collegiate or Business Life.
Bridge Street, Newcastle West.

£15 TO £1,000—Farmers and others requiring Cash Advances without security should apply to me for terms, which will be found the cheapest in Ireland. Loans arranged through correspondence and cash sent by post.
E. GOLDRING,
102 Donegal Street, Belfast.
21-9-22.

HOPE FOR DEAF PEOPLE.

WHY REMAIN DEAF?

Deafness, Head Noises, Throat and Nasal Catarrh, and all troubles due to Loss of Hearing quickly yield to "Mackay's Auricle," a remedy of established reputation in every part of the world. Perfected and improved by well-known Ear Specialist. Numerous testimonials prove conclusively the efficacy and superiority of this specific over every known treatment. Sold by Boots Chemists at 2s. per bottle or direct from **THE MACKAY REMEDY CO.,** 108 Liverpool Road, Islington, London. Reject substitutes.

HIGH-CLASS TAILORING

E. P. HARNETT

wishes to announce to his many friends and the general public that, taking advantage of the present slump in the price of suitings, he is now in a position to supply Gentlemen's made to measure Suits, in first quality materials, tweeds and serges, at the following prices:—

First Quality ... £3 10 0
Second Quality ... £2 10 0
Third Quality ... £2 10 0

RELIABLE WORK, STYLE AND FINISH GUARANTEED.

Patterns on Request.

E. P. HARNETT,
North Quay, NEWCASTLE WEST.

NEW GOODS AT NEW PRICES.

The following departments will be found fully stocked with the latest fashions:—

Millinery, Costumes, Coat-Frocks, Jumpers, Blouses, Dresses, Woollens, Boots, Etc.

MATT. NUNAN,
NEWCASTLE WEST.

T. D. Cowper AND SON,

Watchmakers, Jewellers and Opticians.

A large consignment of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery just arrived, all at reduced Prices.

Solid Gold Wedding, Engagement and Keeper Rings.

ALL REPAIRS EXECUTED ON THE PREMISES.

Antique and Modern Furniture; also Furniture Taken in For Sale.

MOTOR AND CYCLE AGENTS.
Bridge Street, NEWCASTLE WEST.

MEAL. MEAL!

Where are you going to?

TERESA M. CREMIN,
Upper Malden Street, Newcastle West.

There is plenty of Meal in Newcastle. Come to give away at Cremin's.

LOANS BY POST £5 TO £500.

NO Farmers and all Respectable Borrowers on Approved Note of Hand. Actual privacy guaranteed. First letter of application receives prompt attention. Call or write to **The Colonial Loan and Discount Co., Ltd.,** 19 Queen Street, Cork. One door from South Mall.

JOHN LENIHAN AND SONS,

BILLPOSTERS AND GENERAL CARRIERS.

10 St. Ita's Terrace, Newcastle West.

SPIRELLA CORSETS AND BRASSIERES

SOLD BY

K. O'SULLIVAN, Churchtown, Newcastle West.

CATCH CROPS.

Just arrived, a fresh consignment of IMPORTED WINTER VETCHES, GIANT RYE, RAPE SEED, HARDY GREENS & ITALIAN RYE GRASS.

Building Materials.

Large Stocks of Deals, Battens, Beantlings, Shootings, Floorings and Mouldings. Best Bangor Slates and Portland Cement, Globe Corrugated Sheets and Bar Iron.

Bedsteads, Bedding,

Spring Mattresses, Furniture and Household Utensils.

:: GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. ::

WOLFE'S

GENERAL HARDWARE, TIMBER, IRON AND SEED MERCHANTS,
The Agricultural House,
NEWCASTLE WEST.

Catch Crops! Catch Crops!

Autumn Sowing

GIANT EGGS, BROAD LEAF BUTCH RAPE, VETCHES, WINTER OATS, ALL FRESH. JUST ARRIVED FROM GROWERS.

CABBAGE SEEDS A SPECIALITY.

WILLIAM PHELAN,

SEEDMAN AND IRONMONGER,
NEWCASTLE WEST.

Important Notice to Farmers!

Flour Milling, Grinding and Threshing.

P. O'SHAUGHNESSY & SON,

NEWCASTLE WEST.

Beg to announce to the general public that they have now installed

At the Saw Mills Their Ransome Threshing Set

which is driven by the Gas Engine Plant, thereby guaranteeing uniform speed and best results.

In conjunction with same, they are also open to receive corn for Grinding, Crushing and Flour making in their lately erected Mill, which consists of an up-to-date Water Drying Kiln, and specially equipped Grinding and Flour Dressing Machinery, and approved of by the Department of Agriculture.

ORDERS SHOULD BE PLACED EARLY TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

For particulars apply to—

R. BENSON Bishop Street.

SPECIAL SALE

NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.

Ladies' Golf, Rainproof, Seal and Silk Coats; New Styles, lowest prices Dress Materials and Louvicans, Millinery, Blouses, Neckwear, Corsets, Overall, Aprons, Pinafors, Underclothing, Umbrellas, Gloves, Stockings, Shawls, Skirts, Blankets, Quilts, Flannels, Flannelettes, Sheetings, Calicoes, Shirtings, Towels. Pillows, Bolsters, Tickens, Druggets Prints, Table Cloths, Napkins, Gent's Suitings, Homespuns, Whip-Cords, Corduroys, Jerseys, Cardigan Vests, Drawers, Leggings, Reedy-made Suits and Overcoats, Shirts, Ties, Collars, Hats and Caps.

A BIG STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES. BEST CLASS.

JOHN D. CREGAN,
The Quay, NEWCASTLE WEST.

IMPORTANT BUSINESS ANNOUNCEMENT.

MESSRS. **BRENNAN BROS** OF RATHKEALE,

beg to announce to their customers, and the public generally, that they have acquired the interest of the late John Ambrose, in the large and commodious Premises in the Square, Rathkeale, known as

"THE FIGOTT ARMS HOTEL."

Considerable alterations have recently been made in the premises, providing for much larger stocks of

All the Latest and Best Agricultural Machinery,

by the leading manufacturers, and also for a

Messrs. Brennan Bros. take this opportunity of thanking their many customers and the public generally for their kind patronage in the past, and hope that at they are now in more extensive premises, they will be in a position to afford the public better facilities for trading than heretofore.

BRENNAN BROS
THE SQUARE, RATHKEALE.

THE THOMOND CREAMERY AND PRODUCE CO.,
Michael Street, Limerick

Telegrams—"Thomond, Limerick."

WANTED—Consignments of Large, Clean, Fresh Eggs, for which the highest market prices will be returned. We are in touch with the best English firms, who want Fresh Eggs weekly. Stale or overhatched Eggs are not marketable, and are ruinous to the Irish reputation. We would impress on our friends to send to us at least once a week.

Bankers:—The Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., Limerick.

Telegrams—"Thomond, Limerick."

THE THOMOND CREAMERY AND PRODUCE CO.,
Michael Street, Limerick

are now open to receive consignments of **CHOICEST CREAMERY BUTTER** (both salted and unsalted). We are willing to pay the highest prices for the very finest butter.

Inquiries Invited.

Bankers—The Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., Limerick.

FOR SALE.

— AT THE —

CASTLEMAHON

CO-OPERATIVE DIARY SOCIETY
SEEDS, MANURES, CEMENT, FLOUR, MEAL, BRAN, POLLARD AND GENERAL FEEDING STUFFS.

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

FARM IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY AND ACCESSORIES TO SUIT ALL REQUIREMENTS.

EXPERIENCE has taught the thrifty housewife that for washing clothes, floors and woodwork, **KLENZO** Irish-made Washing Powder is unrivalled. Get a 34d. packet to-day.

Wash in the **KJENSO** way, And turn your work to play.
Lily Manufacturing Co., 64 Gt. Strand St., Dublin.

KLENZO No. 0709.

CENTRAL DELPH STORES (Wholesale and Retail)—Cheapest House in Ireland for Delph, Pictures, Photo Frames, Statues, Mouth Organs, and all classes of mission goods. 40 Parnell St., Dublin.

ALL THE LATEST

IRISH TRI-COLOUR NOVELTIES

Badges, Brooches, etc. Trade only supplied. Latest Irish Serge in leather form, 6s. 6d. assorted gross, post free. Traders Wholesale sample ranges assorted, all lines, 6s., 10s. and 21. Last free.

IRISH SUPPLY CO.—20 Redmond's Hill, (over Prescott's) Dublin.

HENRY H. TAYLOR

(Late of Switzer's),
Expert Furrier, 56 Grafton Street (near Stephen's Green), DUBLIN.



A FINE SELECTION OF FURS IN STOCK. Own skins made to any pattern desired. Skins mounted and dyed. Furs cleaned and freed from moths. Remodelling of Furs done by experienced and reliable furriers, under my personal supervision.

DRESS MATERIALS, KNITTED GOODS, KNITTING WOOLS, UNDERWEAR, etc. Goods direct from mills, patterns and Warehouse. Prices—**MUNSTER'S WAREHOUSE, 32 Newbold St., Bradford.**

PACKING CASES

(DUBLIN), LTD.,
South Lotts Road, Dublin.
Beer Containers, Van Trays, Bakers' Bread Trays, Wine Cases, Box Shooks. Printed as desired.
Potato Sprouting Boxes.
EGG BOXES.
Strong Millboard Divisions and Felts. Sizes, 3 to 60 dozen.
Telegrams—"Packingcase, Dublin."
Phone—Ballsbridge, 535.

CHINA, GLASS, EARTHENWARE—Cheapest House in Ireland for all classes of Earthenware, China and Glass. Crates, £5 to £15. Shopkeepers wanting goods at the right price should send their enquiries to us. Satisfaction guaranteed. **CITY CHINA & DELPH STORES, 31 Upper Liffey Street, Dublin.**

BLANKETS WOOLEN. BLANKETS

Woolen (Govt Surplus) Renovated & Cleaned. 37s. for One Dozen Blankets, worth 97s. (packing free)

I. & J. HYMAN,

Government Contractors,
CALEDONIAN ROAD, LONDON, N.1.
Note—37s. per One Dozen (not for one blanket).

SUITINGS, COSTUME CLOTHS, COATINGS, Etc. at Manufacturers' Prices. Patterns by return; any length cut.—**HAINSWORTH & BRAMFITT,** Farsley, near Leeds, Yorks.

BUY YOUR SUIT AND COSTUME LENGTHS DIRECT FROM THE MAKERS.—Government Flannel, white only, 30 inches wide, 2s. 8d.; 22oz. Dark Grey Mixture Overcoating, 3s. 5d.; Ladies' Costume Cloth, from 4s. 6d.; 17-18 oz. Indigo Botany Suiting, 12s. 6d. All goods guaranteed. Agents wanted. You will save at least 25 per cent. by buying from us. Send p.c. for patterns.—**CHESTER MANUFACTURING CO. (Dept 1), 18 Chester St., Bradford.**

LADIES' BOOTS from 8s 6d; Shoes from 10s 6d. Gents' Boots from 12s 6d. Stocking and Socks 1s. Boys' Cloth Tunic Suits, 10s. 6d. Three blouse lengths, 12s 6d. Remnants from 10s Bundle. Send for price list. **SCARRY & CO., 3 St. Andrew Street, Dublin.** Money refunded if not satisfied.

TOOLS, RAZORS

If you want tools for the workshop or the farm, or a razor which is guaranteed to shave, write to **McQuillan, State Court** wares, and you get prices by return.
McQUILLAN, Tool Merchant and Cutler, 25 and 36 Canal St., DUBLIN.
Mention this paper. 7-5-22.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK.

NOTICE OF DEPOSIT OF POOR RATE.

Rural Districts of Green, Glin, Kilmallock, Limerick No. 1, Mitchelstown No. 2, Newcastlle, Rathkeale, and Tipperary No. 2.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Council of the above-named County are about to make Poor Rates on the Property Rateable thereto in above-named Districts.

The Poor Rates Chargeable for the Ordinary Expenditure of the said Districts for the service of the year ending the 31st March, 1922, are at the following Rates in the Pound:-

Table with columns for County, Union, District, and Totals, listing rates for various areas like Green, Glin, Kilmallock, etc.

And whereas certain separate charges are chargeable on the areas or contributory areas mentioned, the following special poundage rates have been added to the poor rates above-mentioned for the payment of such separate charges...

The Rate Books are deposited for the inspection of any Ratepayer in the Offices of the County Council...

LADIES' TAILORING AND DRESSMAKING.

Mrs W. McKESSY wishes to announce to her friends and the public that she has undergone a practical course of Cutting and Making of all Classes of Ladies' Garments.

Ladies' own material will be made up under her own personal supervision, and all orders executed in time.

NOTICE TO FARMERS

ALREADY Blackleg, or Black Quarter has appeared in certain districts with the usual fatal results. Remember that Blackleg is incurable.

P. J. HICKEY, M.P.S.I., The Modern Pharmacy, RATHKEALE.

NETONGA - The Great Remedy for Timber Tongue and Snoring.

TOILET, HURRYERY & KODAK PHOTOGRAPHIC REQUISITES IN STOCK.

LICENSED HOUSE AT ATHEA

PROSPEROUS BUSINESS CONCERN. Out-Of-Door, Garden, Turfery Plot, etc.

THE PURCHASER ON BEING DECLARED WILL BE REQUIRED TO PAY 25 PER CENT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY AND AUCTION FEES OF 5 PER CENT.

FARM FOR SALE

MAURICE CURTIN & SON are instructed by Mrs. Ellen O'Connell, to Sell her Interest in part of the Lands of Killeline, containing about 31 acres 3 rods 14 perches...

AFTERGRASS TO LET

FOR 20 ACRES OF GRAZING LANDS, At Ballygona, Shanagolden, To be Let At The Carnegie Hall, Rathkeale.

AFTERGRASS TO LET

ABOUT 16 ACRES. Plentiful supply of water. Good shelter.

HAY WANTED

ABOUT 3 TONS OF HAY WANTED. Apply to BYRNE & CO., Auctioneers, Newcastle West.

HOUSE WANTED

HOUSE wanted to rent in town, or within a radius of reasonable rent, careful tenant. House with shop not objected to. Apply to 'Observer' Office.

FERRETS FOR SALE

STRONG, healthy greyhound ferrets, very quiet; have been worked; 12s. each. Apply to JOHN KENNY, Castle View Lodge Newcastle West, or to 'Observer' Office.

FOUND STRAYING

FOUND STRAYING - In Newcastle West on Fair Day, a black and white terrier. Owner can have same by applying to Box 6, this office and paying cost of advertisement.

FEEDING BARLEY, only 2s 15 per ton, rail here; very cheap. - William McEvoy, Ltd., Mountmellick.

If you want to buy or sell any article, or you want a situation, or are looking for a servant, you should advertise in the 'Weekly Observer'.

Old Man's Kidneys! A Family Doctor writes that he once compared the kidneys from a man of 40 with those from a man of 70.

DOAN'S Backache Kidney Pills. Kidney disease is medically listed as preventable - remember this! Avoid colds and chills, be moderate in eating and drinking - especially avoiding too much meat or alcohol.

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE WEST.

FEE-SIMPLE PROPERTY FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY, 26th OCTOBER, 1921 At 1 o'clock. MICHAEL MURPHY has received instructions from Thomas B. Sheehy, Esq. to Sell by Public Auction, his fee-simple interest in all that and those 4 Dwelling Houses and Promises, situate at Chapel Lane, Newcastle West, free of rent for ever.

WINTERAGE COUNTY OF LIMERICK.

BALLYLIN Will be Sold BY PUBLIC AUCTION, At The Library, Rathkeale, At The Library, Rathkeale, At The Library, Rathkeale, At The Library, Rathkeale.

WINTERAGE COUNTY OF LIMERICK.

HAZELFIELD, BORRIGONE. ABOUT 60 ACRES, I.P.M. Will be Sold BY PUBLIC AUCTION, At The Carnegie Library, Rathkeale.

AFTERGRASS TO LET

FOR ONE MONTH, COMMENCING ON NOV. 1st. FOR 20 CALVES ONLY. Apply to MICHAEL MURPHY, Auctioneer, Newcastle West.

AUCTION

20 ACRES OF GRAZING LANDS, At Ballygona, Shanagolden, To be Let At The Carnegie Hall, Rathkeale.

AFTERGRASS TO LET

ABOUT 16 ACRES. Plentiful supply of water. Good shelter.

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FOUND STRAYING

FOUND STRAYING - In Newcastle West on Fair Day, a black and white terrier. Owner can have same by applying to Box 6, this office and paying cost of advertisement.

PICTURE PALACE NEWCASTLE WEST. The Best and Only the Best. Telephone No 10. Proprietor, W. P. O'NEILL.

Week Commencing October 17th. FOUR NIGHTS. TERRIFIC SUPER PRODUCTIONS!

THE BIG FIGHT

Jack Dempsey and Georges Carpentier, The Official Picture. Monday and Tuesday. TEX RICKARD Presents.

SHOULD A HUSBAND FORGIVE

A gigantic spectacle. Big horse-racing scenes, and a real prize fight. Wednesday. The Great Fox Melodrama.

EARTHBOUND

The most remarkable film ever screened. A story of the 'Unseen.' Dignified, refined and beautiful. A picture that will make you think. Friday. The Goldwyn Masterpieces.

CROAGH RACES

HURDLE AND FLAT. (OPEN). THURSDAY, 20th OCTOBER, 1921. Horse - £20, £12, £10. Date (1921) - £12. Ponies (19) - £10.

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FEEDING BARLEY

FEEDING BARLEY, only 2s 15 per ton, rail here; very cheap. - William McEvoy, Ltd., Mountmellick.

If you want to buy or sell any article, or you want a situation, or are looking for a servant, you should advertise in the 'Weekly Observer'.

ABBEYFEALE MERCY CONVENT.

JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS.

Sunday was a great day of rejoicing at Abbeyfeale: the occasion being the golden jubilee of the foundation of the Mercy Convent, The Rosary, Abbeyfeale.

The solemn and impressive ceremony commenced at 12 o'clock, the church notwithstanding a most inclement forenoon, being thronged with parishioners desirous of participating in the jubilee which marked half a century's zealous work in the service of God by the good sisters in the culture and training of the children of the parish and surrounding districts.

At 2.30 the Te Deum was sung in the Chapel of the Mercy Convent, followed by Benediction, at which His Lordship presided. Addressing the congregation, Very Rev. P. Canon Lee, P.P., V.F., delivered an eloquent historical account of the great work accomplished by the good Sisters of Mercy.

Canon Lee, P.P., taking as his text, 'and everyone that hath left house or brethren, or sisters, or father or mother, or tribe or lands; for My sake, shall receive an hundred fold, and shall possess life everlasting.' (Matthew, 19: 29).

The 24th of September, 1871, fifty golden years ago, was a memorable day in the life of this parish: the annual recurrence of that date should fill your hearts with sentiments of joy and gratitude. It was not only a memorable day, but it was a happy, auspicious and blessed one for the whole diocese of Limerick and for the people of Abbeyfeale.

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Canon Lee, P.P., taking as his text, 'and everyone that hath left house or brethren, or sisters, or father or mother, or tribe or lands; for My sake, shall receive an hundred fold, and shall possess life everlasting.' (Matthew, 19: 29).

The 24th of September, 1871, fifty golden years ago, was a memorable day in the life of this parish: the annual recurrence of that date should fill your hearts with sentiments of joy and gratitude. It was not only a memorable day, but it was a happy, auspicious and blessed one for the whole diocese of Limerick and for the people of Abbeyfeale.

At 2.30 the Te Deum was sung in the Chapel of the Mercy Convent, followed by Benediction, at which His Lordship presided. Addressing the congregation, Very Rev. P. Canon Lee, P.P., V.F., delivered an eloquent historical account of the great work accomplished by the good Sisters of Mercy.



Ask For "THE GIRL ON THE BAG." PORTIA MAKES THE LIGHTEST : SCONE AND IS OF : EXCELLENT COLOUR AND FLAVOUR.—IT IS The Easiest Flour to Bake. Wholesale Representatives:— J. J. O'DEA, 70 O'Connell Street, Limerick.

MERITED COMPLIMENT TO LIMERICK'S T.D.E. CORDIAL WELCOME HOME FROM INTERNMENT. INTERESTING FUNCTION IN THE TOWN HALL.

Important Speech by Alderman Colivet. An interesting function took place in the Town Hall, Limerick, on Saturday night, when Alderman Michael P. Colivet, T.D.E. for the City, was entertained to supper for the purpose of formally welcoming him back on his homecoming from internment. The function, which was admirably organized and carried through, took place in the Council Chamber, which was tastefully decorated with flags and bunting for the occasion. It was attended by a very big gathering, all classes of the community—professional, commercial, industrial, and leisure—being thoroughly represented. The Deputy Mayor (Ald. Mrs. O'Donoghue) presided, and on her immediate right sat Mrs. Clancy, widow of the late Ald. Clancy, the murdered Mayor of Limerick, and Mr. Colivet, the guest of the night; while on her immediate left sat Mr. James Ledden, President of Sinn Féin in Limerick, and Rev. Father O'Carroll, C.C., St. John's. The following priests, in addition to Father O'Carroll, were also present: Rev. Father Mahoney, C.C., St. Michael's; Rev. Father Hanrahan, C.C., St. Michael's; Rev. Father Treacy, C.C., St. Michael's; Rev. Father O'Connell, C.C., St. Michael's; Rev. Father O'Connell, C.C., St. Michael's; Rev. Father O'Connell, C.C., St. Michael's.

Supper being over, the Deputy Mayor, who first spoke at some length in Irish, in welcoming Mr. Colivet, said they all hoped it would be a very long time indeed before he fell into the hands of his enemies again and that it would not be long before the other men and women still in the hands of these cruel enemies would be free from them. Presently an old friend of Ald. Colivet would welcome him and tell him of their joy at having him free again. She would leave the subject at that. It was her privilege in the meantime to call the first toast, and she would therefore ask Father O'Carroll to propose the toast of "The Irish Republic."

THE IRISH REPUBLIC. Rev. Father O'Carroll, proposing the toast of "The Irish Republic," said the people of Ireland had really established a Republic and called upon all to obey its decrees in every way. "The Continent of Europe and saw small States enjoying complete independence, some under kings and queens and some under presidents. He did not think the people of Ireland bothered very much at the time about the particular form of government they were to set up—what they wanted was to express their desire for complete independence, such as those small nations of Europe enjoyed. They should look up to the Irish Republican Government as the expression of the people's will and obey its decrees. There was one particular department in which they could all help, and that was the administration of justice. Some of their leading men had had been in foreign countries so much that nothing impressed those countries so much as the way in which the Irish people had switched from the ruler the administration of justice, and took it into their own hands and made it a signal success. They should do everything possible to make it a still greater success (applause).

THE I.R.A. Proposing the toast of the Irish Republic, Rev. Father Mahoney, C.C., said that the late Bishop of Limerick declared on a famous occasion that as long as grass grows and water runs there will always be found men in Ireland to do and die for Ireland. Only a few short years before that date Ireland was sunk in a deep lethargy. As in every other generation, a great man arose by the name of Pearse (loud applause). Pearse might be held by us to-day as the National Messiah of Ireland. He preached to the people of Ireland the ancient faith with a new significance. He told them England had no moral right to this country, and that they were bound to fight against England. He laid down the fine doctrine that freedom was given to men on one condition—that they were to make good their claim for it—and that unarmed men could never make good a claim to anything which armed men denied them. If the men in Ireland were to get anything, he taught, they should demand it in arms from men in arms. The Irish Republican Army of the present time handed down the traditions of the national faith handed down by Pearse. They had made until the freedom of Ireland was won (loud applause). They were perhaps the greatest body of Irish men that ever fought for Irish freedom. They were the heroes that stood midway between God and man (loud applause). Brigade said that during the memorable Easter Week of 1916 the Irish Republic was established and Ireland had been faithful to that Republic since and had suffered much to uphold it. In the I.R.A. they had never counted their lives or their homes or anything—men like Terence MacSwiney and

Kevin Barry, who were ready to sacrifice and give all for the upholding of the Republic. A great tradition had been handed on to the Irish people, and thank God, they were upholding the faith. He felt sure that men would be ever ready to lay down their lives not only until the British Government recognized our National Independence but until the whole world would look upon Ireland as a nation on the map of the world (loud applause).

THE GUEST. Mr. James Ledden, who received a great ovation on rising to propose the health of the guest of the night, Mr. Colivet, said he knew Mr. Colivet since he was a boy. In December, 1913, the Irish Volunteers were formed in Limerick at a meeting held in that Hall. At that meeting Mr. Colivet was a delegate from another national organization. It is a short time there was a little bit of friction, and since then Mr. Colivet, of those people who didn't see the light as quickly as Mr. Colivet did had come into their movement. Mr. Colivet was a young man then. He saw immediately what was wanted, and he threw in his lot with the small minority who held that it was necessary to establish an Irish army in Ireland. Later on he was arrested and he was put into the famous Lincoln Prison, from which their chief, Dr. Valera, escaped. Since then he had been arrested again and had been in the same right or wrong months in prison, so that he had suffered very considerably.

ALDERMAN COLIVET'S REPLY. Ald. Colivet, T.D.E., who received a tremendous ovation on rising to reply, said he would all work together for the one cause of Ireland. With regard to the present political situation he would not like to say very much. What was to be said was said by better men. Those of them who had read the declarations and letters that had passed recently between the Irish and British Governments could see that they had summed up the situation. He could not improve on them or take anything from them. The last reply of Dal Eireann to the British Premier emphasized the principle of government by the consent of the governed, and that, as far as they were concerned, was irrevocable. They would not if they could, and they could not if they would, alter it (applause). The men that the country had chosen to lead them in the present crisis were men on whom they could place their trust (applause). There would be nothing done, they might take it, that would depart in the slightest degree from the vision of Patrick Pearse. Pearse in one of his poems mentioned where we should call on God, trusting for a miracle. Many people reading the papers these days say "will we ever get a Republic?" They say "England won't allow it." There were many answers to that, but there was one standing out clear and embracing all the rest, and that was faith—faith in God and in our own faith in ourselves (applause). They read of the sympathy and support they had in America and elsewhere, all of which was gratefully received, but the long run was the short run that they must expect (applause). Let them not expect anything to do for them that they were not willing to do for themselves. There was a duty to do for every individual Irishman. The I.R.A. had done a lot and could do a lot, but those who were unable to give direct services could

mention had been made after passing through an age of speaking. He didn't wish to throw any dirty water on the man who in those days acted according to their lights, but he would ask the people of the present day to take care that they did not fall into some of the bad habits of those days. He trusted they would not leave their duty without allowing us the speaking-making of everyone of them would look for something to do for Ireland. Let them utilize that evening as he was talking point from which to review the work to be done, to take inspiration from it and to face the future with courage and confidence, and above all, with faith—faith in God, faith in themselves, and faith in the Republican ideal. He took it that their income that night was a tribute not so much to himself personally, though he appreciated their friendship and their good wishes, but rather regarded it as a tribute to him because he was for the moment the standard-bearer of that ideal for which so much good blood had been spilled. With that idea in their heads and with confidence and faith whatever happened (loud applause).

Several other toasts followed and interspersed through the proceedings of the night were several songs, choruses and recitations. Mr. O'Shaughnessy presided at the piano.

CUCKOO'S SECRET DISCOVERED.

Foster-Parents' Egg Seen. A great naturalist, with the help of photographers and cinema photographers, has this year solved one of the secrets of the mysterious wrecker of homes, the cuckoo. It has been vainly sought by naturalists for more than one single cuckoo was watched while she laid 21 eggs at 48-hour intervals; but this year two cinematographers which watched 14 egg-laying performances by the same bird, he corrected the error of the eyes. Photographs were actually taken within six yards.

What the cuckoo does in this. She watches prospective foster-parents in this case meadow-pipits—and she has the nest. Then she focuses all attention on them, then much later glides down to her perch to the nest and goes through performance never before so minutely inspected. First she takes in her beak one of the pipit's eggs, then slides on to the nest of just eight seconds, still holding the egg in her beak. Then she slips off her perch, and is off, still carrying the egg, quite incredible speed. Previously naturalists who had seen her carrying an egg have always supposed it was her own. So carefully was the egg watched and her ways discovered in the day, hour, and place of her next egg could be prophesied some while before. In one case different cuckoos were seen to lay in the same nest, within the same day, transporting nest and eggs to a distant place—an astonishing feat.

All the work has been done by amateur enthusiasts, but one could almost say a wonder of natural history could be made available for the public.

THE COWARD

Patrick Higgins stood silent and still under the scornful glances and stinging words of Commandant Murphy. "You are a coward," Murphy said with a hissing contempt. "You thought of only your own skin and nothing of the men whose lives were in your keeping. You will answer for this at a Court Martial to-night."

For a moment or two both men stood facing each other and their similarity of face and build must have struck the Commandant for a moment. "God forbid I should ever be as much alike you as I am outside. You are a coward," Kathleen Murphy interrupted her brother's outburst, and as she noted the serious stare and fixed faces of the two men she laughed, trying to introduce their usual cheerfulness into them. But on this occasion it failed. "Yerra tell me, Tom Murphy," she asked with mock gravity, "if I came up here all the way from Killigan to this God forsaken back of God speed townland of Knockvaile to look at yourself and Paddy Higgins standing like a pair of statues up in Dublin; or whether I came up to enjoy myself for a night? Devil a chance of enjoying myself in Killigan. They're on the road every hour but Tom, it's all the same."

With a wealth of affection she put her arms around her brother's neck and held him close to her for a moment. But there was no response from the men and she was about to speak again when her brother interposed. "Kathleen," he said, "there is a serious matter to be settled between Lieutenant Higgins and me. If you see any of the boys around, you will tell them I want them, please."

"What's the matter?" she asked as she went towards Higgins. "Kathleen," answered the lieutenant, "I'm a coward. I let two of the enemy troops across Killree yesterday evening without a shot. Six of our men were in Hegarty's house and would have been caught unawares if the Commandant had not attacked our men, who came after a while armed to the rescue. I'm to be tried to-night, and will, I suppose, be placed under arrest soon."

The Commandant took the latter part as a question, for he answered, "Yes, you will be put under detention as per regulations as soon as convenient." There was a sob in Kathleen's voice as she spoke. "Tom, do not put him under arrest. For my sake he will face the charge."

Higgins looked towards his superior officer. He did not know what answer the girl he loved would receive, but he would anticipate it. He drew his pistol from his holster and, checking his teeth with a visible effort, thrust it and left it on the table. "Commandant Murphy did not reply for a moment. Then his answer came, cold and metallic. "Let it be so. We will remain here to-night. Lieutenant Higgins will cross towards Clonsilla, and a court-martial will be held and Kathleen watched him cross the hill out of sight."

It was long after midnight that Higgins woke with a start. There were voices in the kitchen, and he could hear the women protesting that Tom Murphy was not in the house. He sat stiffly in the bed for a moment and listened to the subdued voices now outside his door. "Don't speak, woman," said a voice, gruff over in a whisper, and in a moment several men were in his room.

By the light of their electric torches he saw who were his visitors. Their faces were covered with motor goggles and handkerchiefs, and he threw up his hands at a signal from what appeared to be the leader. All wore trench coats. "Yes," said one of the party, "that's Murphy."

Higgins made no attempt to correct the speaker. Roughly he was dragged outside, and as he passed out he saw the women of the house being quietly pushed into the street at the end of a revolver. It was all very quiet, almost silent.

The shots and the wailing of the women woke Commandant Murphy. Madly he rushed towards the point the women directed. Then, careless of danger, he dashed recklessly through the fields in a vain pursuit of the raiders. He was exhausted when he returned, and Higgins had been carried in, but was dying fast. He seemed to be waiting for his superior officer. He looked enquiringly, and Kathleen thought proudly from the bed as Murphy entered. Then he raised his hand, and the Commandant handed him his pistol. Then Commandant Murphy stood to attention as the hero's soul passed out.—PATRICK HOGAN, in the "Weekly Freeman."

OUR POETS' CORNER

THE BIVOUAC ON THE HILLS. (During the celebrations in Dublin I chanced one night to meet an old comrade that I had not seen for some considerable time. Despite all the joy-making and riotous fun going on around him, I found my friend sad and out of sorts. On querying the cause of this, he told me it was because he remembered his companions of the hills, some of whom were killed in various engagements.)

The lights are high in the town to-night And the people sing with pride, Of the flag they love, and of a lad That in Dublin City died; But I am alone amongst all the crowd, I feel none of their joyous thrills, For my mind is away where the lone star roasts— Near the bivouac on the hills, my lads, The bivouac on the hills.

There were many more in that place with me, We were twenty souls in all— From weedy Pauld, in his corduroy, To Tomas, six feet tall; We had five old guns and three old pikes, And gunsbot, that sometimes light, But we swore to God that we'd fight or die, In our bivouac on the hills, my lads, The bivouac on the hills.

And in another time we went, And travelled the country wide, And little we feared the bullet's whol, As we feared the deep sea tide; But scarce a time did we go back But a corpse a new grave fills, And the shepherds' track like a graveyard lies, Near the bivouac on the hills, my lads, The bivouac on the hills.

Oh, the lights are high in the town to-night, And the people sing with pride, But I am alone, and my heart is weighed, With sorrow for those that died, And I think of the bivouac on the hills.

THE BIVOUAC ON THE HILLS. FJHOD.

MY MOTHERHEEN. I will remember every word my mother used to say, When I was just a weesie child in Ireland far, And I can see her just as plain as I can see you there, Killarney roses in her cheeks and midnight in her hair, And I can hear her whisper now—O Lord! the years between; "Agra! I'm slippin' out-while along the old boroen."

And then, in my white pinafore, She'd leave me lonesome by the door, 'Twas off to Mass she went maybe, with me too young for talking, Or maybe to the market town or to a neighbour's waking; But oh, the time was sad and slow, and empty was the door, And many a stain was on the snow of my white pinafore, Until along the old boroen She came again, my motherheen.

I mind the humming of a bee, the glint of of sudden rain, That morning when she slipped from me who could not come again, I had no word to lure her back, no prayer to bid her stay, Whose soul had known that heavenly track I only knew the old boroen, Would see no more my motherheen.

Oh, long and sad the years go by, and lonesome is the door, And many a stain is on the snow of my soul's pinafore; For joy and grief are one with God, and love and fear and hate Are but the growing pains of souls that strive towards Heaven's gate; But like as when a weesie child I wait to see her there, Killarney roses in her cheeks and midnight in her hair.

As down along God's own boroen She came for me, my motherheen.

ENGLISH BOXING CHAMPION BEATEN IN NEW YORK. Starman's Great Victory. Mike McTigue, middleweight champion of Ireland and several other places, easily defeated Gus Platts, champion of the same class in England, before a big crowd at the opening show of the Academy A. C., at Dyckman Oval, recently. The bout went the limit of twelve rounds, with the green over on top of the red. The decision of the judges was unanimous.

The man started in at a furious pace, but Platts was on the receiving end of most of the blows. In fact, Gus was in bad shape when the first round ended. After that Mike kept shooting punches to Platts' face and body from all angles, and in the fourth session he closed the English champion's eye. From then on Platts had no chance whatever, and the crowd wondered how he managed to weather the storm of blows that rained on him in the last four rounds. One thing, Gus is game. McTigue weighed 152½ pounds and Platts 150. Mike McTigue is a native of Clare, and a prominent Sinn Féiner.

OUR AMERICAN LETTER

Brooklyn, New York, September 26th, 1921. The patriotic and esteemed Mayor of Limerick, Mr. Stephen O'Mara, will deliver his first public speech in New York City at the Empire City Race Track, Yonkers, on Sunday, October 2nd, under the auspices of the Manhattan Council of the American Association for Recognition of the Irish Republic. The patriotic Chief Magistrate of the City of the Violated Treaty will get a great reception from the thousands of Irish exiles who admire him for his fidelity and devotion to Ireland's Cause. Frank Walsh will make an address reporting on conditions he observed in Ireland. United States Senator David J. Walsh, of Massachusetts, will also speak.

A Limerickman told me a few days ago that during the recent visit of Mr. Frank Walsh to Limerick he was astonished to learn that he did not receive any reception. I told him I thought that perhaps it was Mr. Walsh's desire to visit Limerick as a private citizen, and that he was not one of those men who wanted to be received with the blowing of trumpets or beating of drums, as he considers that he is only doing his duty in a patriotic cause to secure freedom for a nation which has been downtrodden for nearly eight centuries.

The Whitehaven Post, 118 American Legion, has passed a resolution condemning the Ku Klux Klan organization, as un-American. Slow us please! why don't you condemn your own organization for naming a Post of American Legion "The Edith Cavell Post." People who live in glass-houses should not throw stones. The American Legion imagines it has a right to dictate to the American people, and is more pro-British than it is American. In some parts of the United States some of its members displayed their ignorance, and showed their animosity by interfering with meetings on behalf of Ireland, and proclaiming that it was un-American to hold these meetings. While all Americans know that the Ku Klux Klan is a vile, bigoted and mercenary organization, many of them also think that the American Legion should clear its own house as it needs attention. There are altogether too many societies in the United States that use the word "American" in order to cover their methods of spreading British propaganda, as the names of those societies, although apparently American, are obnoxious to lovers of freedom. As I said on previous occasions there are hundreds of thousands of loyal Americans who served in the United States Army and Navy during many trying periods; previous to the recent great war, they entered Uncle Sam's service willingly; they were not conscripts; they did not try to get officers' commissions in order to get soft caps and to show what authority they had over their subordinates. If the American Legion and its kindred societies took after the poor, destitute men who served over the sea with them in the Army, or sent them to their homes outside this great city where they wander hungry, friendless and homeless, they will then be doing a patriotic act. The majority of Americans treat with contempt any resolutions passed by them, as they know that such resolutions possess no American spirit.

George in their speeches and in their notes. His recent note to the British Premier is characteristic. He says: "We have no thought at any time of asking you to accept any conditions precedent to a conference. We would have thought it as unreasonable to expect you as a preliminary to recognize the Irish Republic formally or informally as that you should expect us formally or informally to surrender our national position. It is precisely because neither side accepts the position of the other that there is a dispute at all, and that the conference is as necessary a search for and to discuss such adjustment as might compose it." It surely does not need formal reasoning to show that Mr. De Valera's position is perfect. He says the Irish representatives will accept an invitation to a conference which is free on both sides, but declines to accept an invitation to a conference which demands unconditional surrender, under which circumstances there would be no need of a conference.

More than 8,000 persons attended an open-air meeting of the Hudson County Branch of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, in West Side Park Jersey City, yesterday afternoon, after a parade to the park along Hudson Boulevard. A resolution was adopted calling upon America to boycott English goods and upon the Government to recognize the Irish Republic. The speakers were Congressman Charles F. X. O'Brien (Dem., N.J.), former Congressman Eugene B. Kinkead, Capt. Robert Monroth and F. N. Schoss, a native of India.

Grand Goggin Hooper, one of the High Moguls of the Ku Klux Klan, was recently ejected from the Embassy Hotel at Broadway and Seventieth St. Hotel Clerks and attendants noticed the strange action of Hooper and his associates. Many men who went to the rooms carried big pistols in their hip pockets. Hooper had a suite of four rooms, which were high-priced and the occupants were profitable guests of the hotel.

It is reported from Pikeville, Kentucky, that one hundred moonshiners, bootleggers, and drunken men broke up the Baptist meeting at Pikeville. It is said these men were some of the denizens of Belfast who went to Kentucky to practice keeping their hands in trim so as to enable them to help Jim Craig hold Carrouville and keep out the Sinn Féiners. Some of them are now in jail in Kentucky. We hope there is plenty of rope there that needs stretching.

CARDINAL LOGUE HIS OWN SECRETARY. It may now be generally known that the aged and venerable Cardinal Logue does not keep a private secretary. In the midst of his multifarious ecclesiastical duties he actually attends to his own correspondence. Even the modern convenience of a typewriter is disregarded by him. He writes a fairly good hand for one of his years. In the circumstances it is only natural to expect that he should keep no copy of the letters he writes. And he keeps none. "I am my own secretary, and am kept there to be able to do my own copies," he says.

AGAINST PROFITEERING

LIMERICK ACTION.

At Limerick Corporation, Mr. O'Donovan (Deputy Mayor) presided. Other members present: Aldermen James Casey, P. Walsh, and J. McInerney; Councillors James Collins, J. J. Hennessy, J. J. O'Connell, J. Griffin, J. Carty, T. Bourke, P. O'Halloran, P. O'Flynn, P. A. O'Brien, O. Ryan, M. Clancy, D. Bourke, M. Reddan, M. O'Dwyer and J. J. Hennessy.

The officials in attendance were Messrs. W. M. Nolan, Town Clerk; J. J. Dowling, Law Agent; E. O'Leary, City Treasurer, and M. Fitzgerald, Gas Manager.

Ald. Casey said before the ordinary business of the agenda should be gone into he had to mention that there was a deputation present from the Trades' Council of the city which wished to lay their views before the Borough Council on the vital question of profiteering in the commodities of Liverpool.

Mrs. O'Donovan said she need hardly say if the Council were willing to receive the deputation, and on receiving an unqualified assent, the members of the deputation came before the meeting, when:

Mr. James Carr said that the question which they came to lay before the Council was that of the rampant profiteering in food-stuffs and other necessities which was prevalent not alone in Limerick, but throughout the rest of Ireland. He as a member of the deputation did not intend to inflict any speeches on them, for he supposed they felt the matter also in the most sensitive places, that was in their pockets.

Some steps taken in the city to combat the evil, and if something were not done to do so consequences of a fearful nature would arise which would go beyond their powers to control. There was an increasing demand, for the reduction of wages, while the people as represented, the producers, had arrived at a stage when they were not able to provide for themselves and their families the ordinary necessities of life, owing to the disgraceful profiteering that existed. Was it to be allowed to go on? Things were going from bad to worse, and it was well that the Civic Fathers, in conjunction with the workers, were compelled to take some action.

Profiteering was rampant in most things, but it was especially noticeable in the prices of meat and vegetables. Bacon in the city was the same price as it was twelve months ago, although the price of pigs had decreased enormously. As regards beef and mutton the price was at a higher figure than anywhere else in the country—in the midst of an agricultural and meat-raising district. The society to which he belonged were prepared to give every possible assistance to the Corporation, with whom they saw it was their duty to co-operate to enable them to bring those public robbers—the profiteers—to their senses (applause).

Mrs. O'Donovan said she was sure that they could speak for the Council in saying that anything they could do to remedy existing evils in regard to the matter would be done, and she would be glad to see that deputation, and she would be glad to see into the matter and would be able to give the Council an outline or suggestion as to what could be done.

Another member of the deputation said they would simply offer their whole-hearted co-operation to any scheme that the Council would propose to check this iniquitous profiteering. They had not formulated a scheme up to the present moment, and all they were doing was to make an offer to help the Council in any action they decided to take in the matter of this great evil, which was growing greater amongst them.

A further member of the deputation said they were anxious to assist in any way that might be considered. What she wished to do was to have the matter taken up by the citizens. A reduction of prices was necessary for the maintenance of the city.

Mr. J. Cronin said he was delighted that in this matter the push had emanated from the quarter whence it came. Suggestions could be made, and, in co-operation with the Trades' Council, the Corporation would be the proper people to grapple with this terrible evil. No action would be drastic enough as it had been done so far. Profiteering, as it affected the bulk of the citizen, was in regard to meat, milk, and vegetables. Meat in particular had gone completely out of the reach of the working class, and no working-man was able to provide himself and family with meat. Some of them had not been able to afford it for months, and it could be bought by them at a fair figure, leaving a decent margin of profit. Means would have to be found to bring it down in price. As regards milk, the price was 6d a quart, which should be the price of a gallon. Vegetables were being sold in auction rooms where people were being induced to bid against each other, and prices were paid out of all proportion to the value of the commodity, while there were open markets where people who sold their goods should be compelled to sell their goods. The Council in any action they took would have behind them the whole power of the workers of Limerick. It was a matter that concerned everybody and it behooved them to grapple firmly with the subject.

Mr. O'Flynn said the matter had been put before them very forcibly, and he was not surprised that the first push was made by the Trades and Labour Council, who always had in mind the interests of the poor. The whole matter was a great scandal.

Mrs. O'Donovan said they were all in complete sympathy with the objects of the deputation. She understood that Dail Eireann was moving generally, and she hoped that the desired result would be achieved.

On the proposal of Mr. Cronin, seconded by Mr. O'Flynn, a committee, consisting of Councillors C. Quilligan, P. O'Halloran, O. Ryan, Matthew Griffin, E. Shaw and the Deputy Lord Mayor, were appointed to act in conjunction with a committee to be subsequently appointed by the Trades' Council to go into the matter and devise a means of dealing with it.

THE CASTLECONNELL TRAGEDY.

RECALLED IN COURT.

Claim For Compensation.

At the Limerick Quarter Sessions on Monday, before Judge Pigot, Mrs. Agnes O'Donovan, Castleconnell, made application for £20,000 compensation for the loss of her husband, Mr. Denis O'Donovan, who was shot in his hotel at Castleconnell on Sunday, 17th April last, and £2,000 compensation for damage to the hotel on the same occasion.

Mr. P. Lynch, E.C., and Mr. P. Kelly (instructed by Mr. Dundon, solicitor) appeared for the applicant.

The claims were heard under permit from the military authorities.

Mr. Lynch detailed the circumstances of the tragedy, which was still fresh in the public mind. He said the case was clearly within the Act for compensation.

Mr. O'Malley, B.M., gave evidence of plans and maps.

Margaret Berkery, a maid in the hotel, related the tragic story. At about 8 o'clock in the evening she saw three men in the bar being served by Mr. O'Donovan, and a few minutes later two men entered in plain clothes, and the next thing she heard afterwards returned to see what was the matter, and these two men rushed against her and more shots were fired; she then went back into the kitchen and looking into the yard, saw a man lying in the yard near the back window; she saw members of the Crown forces bring in a Lewis gun and play it on the bar; later she heard cries of "bring them out; bring them out," and Mr. O'Donovan saying "I don't know; I don't know"; Mr. O'Donovan, with another man, was placed against the wall of the back house with their hands above their heads; the other man was nearest to her; she was rushing into the yard, and three or four men with revolvers told her to go back or they would shoot her; she turned back, and then she heard three or four shots and heard Mr. O'Donovan moan "Oh, oh," and then saw him lying on the ground; she then saw the other man being taken to the hospital; she then saw a man in the yard who had a rifle ("Oh, you are after shooting an innocent man," and he replied "Good enough for him for harbouring rebels;" later she saw the man who was against the wall with Mr. O'Donovan and learned he was a police constable.

Dr. John Ryan described the wounds in the body; there were six bullet wounds in all; one through the right lung, one through the base of the spinal column, one on each thigh, one in the region of the liver, and one in the abdomen; it would be impossible for Mr. O'Donovan to have moved after receiving the wounds in the spinal column.

Mr. O'Donovan said she was married in 1905 and had four children, the eldest being 15 and the youngest eight. She remembered the evening of the shooting and her meeting with an Auxiliary officer whom she asked where was her husband and he said "He is in there (pointing to the bar) harbouring rebels; see where they shot me," indicating holes in the sleeve of his overcoat. When she asked him to get her husband he said that he would be alright. She then retired to the sitting-room from where she heard shouts of "bring them out." The hotel business had almost vanished.

Joseph Adams, a member of the firm of Messrs. J. Murphy and Co., Cash and Drapers, for whom Mr. O'Donovan was a frequent agent, gave evidence to the effect that Mr. O'Donovan's average remuneration for the past three years was £200 per annum.

Mr. Lynch withdrew the claim for damages to the premises and his Honor reserved judgment in the other cases.

A BACHELOR'S VIEWS.

Noted Humorist Tells Why Some Men Don't Marry.

George Ade, one of America's most noted humorists, has a habit of adorning his tales with a pointed moral. He has made millions of laughs, no doubt, but he has made thousands think. In a recent issue of the American Magazine he writes on "The Joys of Single Blessedness." Though written in a higher vein, the article is evidently intended as a serious apology for bachelors. We quote a number of salient passages:

"If you want to keep a line waiting at the marriage license window, proceed to the wading beach and gambol in the clover pastures of compulsory felicity.

"Arrange with the editors to suppress all detailed reports of divorce trials; also to blue-pencil the shoddy jokes which deal with mothers-in-law and rolling pins.

"Fix it with the theatrical producers so that the stage bachelor will not be a picturesque hero, just a trifle grey about the temples, who carries a packet of dry rose leaves next to his heart, while the husband is a pale-crumplet, who is always trembling and saying: 'Yes, my dear.'

"Try to induce department stores to remove those terrifying price tags from things worn by women. Many a warring bachelor has looked in a shop window and found, by his own calculation, that his full salary for one month would supply my lady with not enough to carry her into the street."

SHORTHAND IN IRISH.

Gail Asked To Adopt a Suitable System.

The Gaelic League and other National Organizations in Co. Kerry were represented at a conference in Kilmallock for the purpose of discussing the tongue and inquiring into the standing of the Irish language in the county. Mr. A. Reasail, T.D., was presided over by Mr. F. Lynch, J.D., representing the Gaelic League.

A resolution was passed suggesting that the Dail Ministry of Education should adopt a suitable system of shorthand in Irish, and appoint inspectors to examine students in Irish colleges.

WEST LIMERICK AND INTERIORS.

The continued incarceration of the internees (writes our Abbeyville correspondent) is felt amongst all classes in Abbeyville, and adjoining districts as very inconsistent with the hopeful feelings which have prevailed since the advent of the truce. The liberation of all political prisoners would, in the opinion of many, be an earnest of an honest desire to remove a little of the dark legacy left by the experiences of the past year or two.

I.R.A. RECOVER COURTHOUSE GATES.

The iron gates at Kilmallock Courthouse were stolen, and within 8 hours after the I.R.A. became aware of the fact, the property was returned to the Clerk of the Petty Sessions by the local officer and staff.

ARBITRATION COURT AT KILMALLOCK.

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Native potato growers have made a perfect study of the land, and know how to treat it to get the desired results. The Jersey potato contains nearly 85 per cent. of water. This is incidental to its immature condition, but it may also have something to do with its inimitable flavour. Last year Jersey exported approximately about 50,000 tons of early potatoes—a wonderful achievement for a small island consisting only of 28,000 acres.

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OUR COUNTRY COLUMN

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OO. LIMERICK FARMERS' ASSOCIATION.

A special meeting of the County Limerick Farmers' Association and unpurchased tenants was held at Geary's Hotel, Limerick, on Saturday, Mr. E. L. Lister presiding.

The following delegates attended, representing their branches:—Messrs. John McCarthy (Ballinacorney); John Seaman (Swanagh); J. Browne (Castlemahan); P. Clifford, W. E. Bright, M. Boyle, J. Clifford (Fodanore); J. Grady, Pat Haloran, John Leonard, John Foley, M. Ryan (Murrill), Wm. Maher (Capnamore), Owen Leary (Murrill), A. Ryan (Fodanore), John Cunniff, Edward Keohane, John Fitzgerald (Mungret), E. Meany, Wm. O'Dwyer, Pat Green, D. O'Dwyer, P. Clancy, J. Meany, James Humphreys, R. Power (Ballybricken), T. F. Hartnett, Con Hayes, J. Foley, L. Madden, Thos. Foley (Knockea), Wm. Clancy (Athena), David Dooley, John Griffin, J. Lynch, J. D. Dunlop, P. Lynch, D. O'Brien, W. Hickey (Duckswell), E. Hannan, B. O'Connell (Grangahilly), S. O'Connell, T. Nunn, J. Hodgins, Wm. Walsh (Athena), T. O'Brien (Bohernore), E. McNary, J. O'Connell (Castlemahan); J. J. Cunniff, J. Normyle, T. McInerney, B. Kirby (Ballybricken); P. Minneaney (Bohernore).

The whole question of the purchased tenants was fully discussed. It was pointed out that the present condition of the unpurchased tenant was grossly unfair. He pays a rent ranging from 30s. to £2 per acre to the landlord, while his more fortunate neighbour, the purchased tenant beside him pays an average price of 18s. 6d. per acre. Legislation failed to accomplish the farmer's most effect by combination and co-operation. The present state of markets for agricultural products joined to high rates will bring the Irish farmer this year to the verge of bankruptcy.

Mr. O'Shea gave an account of the dispute in the Banogue district. The abatement demanded by the unpurchased tenants was indeed a very modest one, and were it not for the sturdy action of Mr. O'Shea and those associated with him, in their reasonable demand, harassing scenes would have ensued.

Mr. J. Meany gave a detailed account of the dispute of the Caherely estate, and the meeting was unanimous in expressing approval of their action and proposed their moral and material aid in their just and reasonable demand.

The following resolution was proposed and seconded:—"That we, the unpurchased tenants in the Co. Limerick, hereby give notice that owing to the circumstances that prevail as regards our agricultural products we are not in a position to pay our present rents, and we demand a reduction of 7s. in the

THE IRISH HIERARCHY AND PEACE.

DEMAND INTERNEES' RELEASE.

A BAR TO CONCORD.

PARTITION STRONGLY CONDEMNED.

Message of Thanks to U.S. Bishops.

The Irish Hierarchy, at their annual meeting at Maynooth, on Tuesday last, passed the following resolution:—

"In common with our people, we welcome the Peace Conference that opens in London to-day.

"Fraught as that historic Conference assuredly is with issues of transcendent importance for the welfare of Ireland and England, we earnestly hope and pray that, under the Divine guidance, its deliberations will eventually lead to a peace which will satisfy the national rights and aspirations of the Irish people, and thereby induce a condition of permanent friendship between the two countries.

"A golden opportunity now exists of establishing that blessed and long wished for concord by a great act of national freedom untrammelled by restrictions, and free from the hateful spirit of partition, which could never be anything but a perennial source of discord and fratricidal strife.

Appeal For Co-operation.

"That memorable Conference enters on its solemn work supported, as we know, by the prayers and good wishes of the British and Irish peoples for its ultimate success. We appeal for co-operation on all sides to facilitate the removal of its undoubted difficulties. Especially do we appeal for a cordial observance of the Truce so happily established, and so faithfully kept outside one unhappy district.

The Political Prisoners.

"And, as a very potent factor towards the attainment of peace, we urge with all earnestness the immediate liberation of the internees, whose prolonged confinement, in most cases without charge or trial, is, to say the least, a cruel hardship and exasperating cause of resentment and ill-will.

Home Groups.

"To further the object of peace and to obtain the Divine assistance, we hereby order that a Novena in preparation for the Feast of All the Saints of Ireland, which falls on November 6th, be celebrated throughout Ireland, beginning on October 28th, the devotion to consist of the Rosary, Litany of Loreto, either said or sung, together with the recitation of the Litany of the Saints of Ireland recently approved by the Holy See, followed by the Prayer for Peace and Benediction of the Most Holy Sacrament."

AMERICAN SYMPATHY.

Reply to U.S.A. Hierarchy.

The message from Cardinal O'Connell, on behalf of the Archbishops and Bishops of the U.S.A. to Cardinal Logue, conveying the assurance of their sympathy, their prayers and their united good wishes for the happy outcome of the Peace Conference (already published) was submitted to the meeting, and the following reply was ordered to be called:

"We must all bow to the eminence of the Holy See, and to the authority of the Holy Father, who, in the name of the Holy Trinity, has ordered the Peace Conference to be held in London, on Tuesday, Oct. 11th. His noble words were listened to with feelings of profound admiration and gratitude.

"That magnificent message, assuring us and our people of the sympathy, united good wishes and prayers of the Church of the United States for a happy outcome of the Peace Conference has deeply stirred the heart of Ireland and filled us with enthusiastic hope. For Ireland recognizes in that message not the voice of a province or a nation, however multitudinous its people, but the voice of a Church, after Rome, the most glorious in the world, that covers half a Continent and counts amongst its myriads of devoted children representatives of every branch of the human family. We feel that the united prayers of such a Church and people will not ascend to Heaven in vain.

Ireland's Debt to U.S.A.

"You justly note that this is a solemn and momentous hour in Ireland's history. Her destiny is hanging in the balance. Her representatives have this day gone into the Peace Conference in London. Neither they nor the people whom they represent are unmindful of the difficulties awaiting them there. But they enter that Conference chamber fortified by your invaluable assurance of American sympathy, and encouraged by the noble tribute you pay them when you say that their statesmanship has challenged the admiration of the world.

"In the painful struggle that has cost her so dear, Ireland is not animated by hatred of any people, nor is she heart set upon any invidious triumph. She seeks justice only, and the application to herself of the principles of freedom every nation aspires to, and which find their noblest expression in and which are the birthright of the United States. She is strong in her faith that justice, especially when sanctified by sacrifices such as she has made, and blessed with the sympathy of mankind is, under heaven, sure of ultimate triumph.

"You magnanimously acknowledge the indebtedness of your Church in America to the untiring faith of Ireland. On the other hand it is not possible for Ireland in any form of words adequately to manifest her obligations to America. That great country has in our successful past welcomed Ireland's children to prosperity and honour under the American flag. And now in these latter days, when our country lay bleeding under a cruel and unjust yoke, she has sent us a message of sympathy, and through the White Cross and other channels of benevolence, she has relieved the sufferings of our homeless, homeless, and destitute, and brought comfort to our devastated farms, and brought us back to our homes, and has done so, to every corner of our country, and in every heart within the four provinces of Ireland. But more important even than this, she has manifested an exhaustless benevolence, and her moral strength transfused into our national hearts by the consciousness of your nation's sympathy and by this inspiring assurance of your faith in the majestic Church of the United States.

"Therefore, for all this, in our own name and in the name of our people, we thank you, O American Cardinals and all you priests and people of America, as well as you who are so fervent in your faith, and we are sure that you will continue to be the good-will of

"STAND TOGETHER."

PEACE THAT IRELAND WANTS.

"No Foolish Hopes."

Mr. De Valera, in a Proclamation to the People of Ireland, appeals for national solidarity in the present crisis.

The Proclamation, which has been officially issued by the Publicity Department, Dail Eireann, says:—

"Fellow Citizens—The Conference in which the accredited representatives of the nation are about to engage with the representatives of the British Government must profoundly influence, and may determine, the whole course of our country's future. It affects the lives and fortunes of every section of the community. Whatever the differences of the past, it is the interest as it is the duty of all Irishmen to stand together for Ireland now.

"Our delegates are keenly conscious of their responsibility. They must be made to feel that a united nation has confidence in them and will support them unflinchingly. They share with each one of us the ardent desire that this secular conflict between the rulers of Britain and the Irish people may happily be brought to an end, but they realize that the ending of the conflict does not depend finally upon their will or upon the will of this nation. The struggle on our side has always been simply for the maintenance of a right that in its nature is indefeasible, and that cannot therefore be either relinquished or compromised. The only peace that will be a peace consistent with the nation's right and guaranteeing a freedom worthy of the sacrifices endured to secure it.

"Such a peace will not be easy to obtain. The claim that conflicts with Ireland's right has been ruthlessly persisted in through centuries of blood. It seems unlikely that this claim will be abandoned now. Peace and that claim are incompatible.

"The delegates are aware that no wisdom of theirs and no ability of theirs will suffice. They indulge, therefore, in no foolish hopes, nor should the country indulge in them. The peace that will end this conflict will be secured not by the skill or statesmanship of leaders, but by the stern determination of a close-knit nation steeled to the acceptance of a death rather than the abandonment of its rightful liberty. Nothing but such a determination in our people can overcome the forces that our delegates will have to contend with.

"By a heroic endurance in suffering Ireland has gained the position she holds. Were the prospect of further horrors or further sacrifices to cause her to quail or falter for a moment, all would again be lost. The threats that could force surrender in one vital particular would be relied on to force surrender in another and another, till all were gone. Of necessity Ireland must stand where she is, unyielding and fearless on the rock of right, or be out-manoeuvred and defeated in detail.

Nation's Morale.

"During the negotiations, then, the slightest lowering of the nation's morale will be fatal, and everyone whose thought or action tends to lower it is an enemy of peace—an enemy of the cause of humanity, whose progress is intimately linked up with each successive triumph of right over might. The

unity that is essential to us must be maintained by an unwavering faith in those who have been deputed to act in the nation's behalf, and a confidence manifesting itself as hitherto in eloquent discipline. For this I appeal.

"(Signed), EAMON DE VALERA."

"Dublin, October 10th, 1921."

OLD LIMERICK GAEL DIES IN NEW YORK.

The death of an old Limerick Gael, whose demise we deeply regret to announce, took place recently in New York, in the person of Mr. Daniel Madigan. Deceased, who was son of the late Mr. Owen Madigan, of Knockaderry, Newcastle West, was for several years prior to his departure for the States employed in one of the monster drapery houses in the city of Limerick and was highly respected by all classes. He was a prominent and valued member of the Limerick Commercial Football Club, and was one of its leading players on all the occasions on which it has won All-Ireland Championship honours. He was also prominently identified with the Amnesties Movement, being an active member of the Limerick Amnesties Association. His brother, Mr. Martin Madigan, who also resided several years in Limerick, was regarded as one of the best savants of his day, and was a member of a famous Limerick "four" and an equally famous "eight" who won all before them in their time.

PRICE OF COKE.

The price of coke at the Dublin gas works has been reduced to 5s. per ton. The reduced price per ton at the works in Limerick is 70s. per ton.

existing in England and in Ireland, and under the blessing of God, the sadness of Ireland's history for 700 years is at last coming to an end, and that we are on the eve of national freedom, peace, and prosperity. And when Ireland shall, as we hope, have reached that long-wished-for goal, and shall have leisure to contemplate the various forces that will help her to gain it, most certain and greatest of those forces, after the fortitude of her own children, the support she has got from the American Church and from the mighty country of which that Church is such a glory."

His Eminence Cardinal Logue presided, and the following were present:—

Most Rev. Dr. Byrne, Archbishop of Dublin.

Most Rev. Dr. Hartly, Archbishop of Cashel.

Most Rev. Dr. O'Dea, Bishop of Galway.

Most Rev. Dr. Foley, Bishop of Kildare and Leighlin.

Most Rev. Dr. O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe.

Most Rev. Dr. Fogarty, Bishop of Killaloe.

Most Rev. Dr. Fagan, Bishop of Waterford.

Most Rev. Dr. MacRory, Bishop of Down and Connor.

Most Rev. Dr. Brown, Bishop of Cloyne.

Most Rev. Dr. Conboy, Bishop of Cork.

Most Rev. Dr. McHugh, Bishop of Derry.

Most Rev. Dr. Doherty, Bishop of Clonfert.

Most Rev. Dr. Gaughan, Bishop of Meath.

Most Rev. Dr. Moore, Bishop of Ardagh.

Most Rev. Dr. Mulhern, Bishop of Drogheda.

Most Rev. Dr. McKenna, Bishop of Clogher.

Most Rev. Dr. Gadd, Bishop of Ferns.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE

COMMITTEE'S WORK.

ANOTHER PROLONGED SITTING.

To Complete Report.

The Peace Conference held its third session in London on Thursday. The conversations lasted an hour and 20 minutes, and were resumed on Friday morning.

The official communique issued on Thursday says:—

"The third session of the Conference on Ireland was held at 10 Downing St. to-day at 12 noon. There were present:—

British Representatives—Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Birkenhead, Mr. Churchill, Sir L. Worthington Evans, Sir H. Greenwood, and Sir Gordon Hewart.

Irish Representatives—Mr. A. Griffith, Mr. M. Collins, Mr. E. C. Barton, Mr. E. J. Duggan, and Mr. Gavan Duffy.

"There were also present:—Mr. Thomas Jones and Mr. L. Curtis (British Secretaries); Mr. Erskine Childers and Mr. John Charteris (Irish Secretaries).

The Conference was adjourned until 11 a.m. on Friday."

TRUCE AND INTERNEES.

Inquiries concerning the change of the hour of the Conference from 11, as originally announced, to 12, made it clear, telegraphs our special representative, that as both parties wished to hold a preliminary consultation they mutually agreed on Wednesday night to postpone the Conference to 12.

It is assumed that the preliminary consultations dealt with the reports of the British and Irish representatives who attended the Committee meeting on Wednesday, and considered the truce and treatment of the prisoners. The Committee met again on Thursday, warranting the belief that the Committee had not arrived at a solution of the problems they were appointed to settle, and were unable to submit agreed recommendations to the Conference.

They were probably asked to meet again with a view to presenting an acceptable report to the Conference on Friday. The meeting of the Committee was held at the Cabinet Offices in Whitehall Gardens at 4 p.m. and concluded at 6.45. Previous to the meeting it is understood that Messrs. Collins, Barton, and Duggan interviewed Mr. Churchill in the Colonial Office.

A Downing Street official, questioned about the publication in certain London newspapers on Wednesday, of the appointment of the truce and prisoners committee, said "they were very much annoyed at the information leaking out." Asked if Downing St. would issue a denial disclaiming responsibility for the leakage, he said he did not think so, but so far as he knew nobody in Downing St. gave away the information.

Lord Stamfordham, the King's Private Secretary, was in 10 Downing St. while the Conference was proceeding on Thursday, but it is not known whether his visit had any reference to the Conference. He drove away, however, a few minutes after the Conference had adjourned.

WEDNESDAY'S MEETING.

Some misgiving on the part of the public at the short duration of Thursday's Conference was, says the Press Association, allayed to a certain extent by the announcement that the delegates would meet again. It is stated some trouble had arisen over the question of observance of the truce.

In Government circles the Peace Association was informed Mr. Lloyd George was considerably annoyed to find information relating to this committee had leaked out in the Press. He had requested all members of the Conference not to divulge any information. The Irish plenipotentiaries, it is said, raised the question of the leakage at Thursday's session.

The crucial point in the negotiations is expected to be reached any day.

Mr. Lloyd George has gone to Chequers for a brief rest and change. Neither in regard to the second meeting of the Committee nor in the interview with Mr. Churchill was any information available, but it is understood that considerable progress has been made with preliminary matters, and the ground is being cleared for dealing with the main question by the full Conference.

It was mentioned officially on Thursday evening that a report appeared to have gained some currency on Thursday that there had been a serious hitch. So far from breaking down, adds the Press Association, the Conference is progressing at least as satisfactorily as could have been expected.

While according to the Central News there is no ground for stating that a rupture has occurred, it is true that there were some "bumps" during Wednesday's Committee meeting on the question of tightening the truce on the matter of internees. The Committee did not complete its report. The difficulty lay in the fixing of responsibility for some recent occurrences which have been regarded as a breach of the truce. It is understood that it was urged to the British side of the Committee that other influences than Sinn Fein had some hand in these occurrences. Agreement on this point could not be established without more tangible evidence.

It was noticed, the Central News adds, that the Irish representatives were unusually grave countenances when entering 10 Downing St. for the Conference.

While there is no significance in the fact that only one session was held, there is reason to believe that the anticipated rocks are already being encountered. There were no smiles on the part of representatives of either side.

PREMIER "IN MOST WINNING MOOD."

Mr. Michael Collins "Geniality Itself."

The Special Correspondent of the "Daily News" understands that there was not a discordant note throughout Tuesday's sessions of the Irish Peace Conference. Mr. Lloyd George was in his most winning mood, and his hands cordially with all the Irish delegates, together with their secretaries. Not to be outdone in this branch of the negotiations, Mr. Michael Collins was geniality itself, and in the subsequent discussions plainly made great progress in the esteem of the Premier.

Mr. Griffith, cold and precise, with few words, and those very much to the point, and Mr. Collins unmistakably human and able to make a joke on a serious subject, gave the impression of so shaping as to supply admirals foils to each other's peculiar gifts. They are undoubtedly a strong couple. Mr. L. George and Mr. Churchill, on the other side, formed the obvious counter-balance, and the conference will probably develop into something of a duel between those two pairs of protagonists.

LAND COMMISSION AMNITIES.

Numbers of farmers in West Limerick and East Kerry were processed for non-payment of annuities.

COUNTY GOVERNORS

OF AMALGAMATED UNIONS.

MEETING ON SATURDAY.

Interesting Points Raised.

Mr. B. Laffan, Co. Co., Chairman, presided at the meeting of County Governors of the Amalgamated Unions of County Limerick on Saturday. Also present were: Messrs. Jno. Buckley, Jno. Magner, M. P. Coleman, Co. Co.; P. J. Ambrose, T. Scanlan, W. Quane, B. Flynn, Mr. J. Haussert, Secretary, and his assistant, Mr. King, who the officials present.

Arising out of the minutes dealing with the appointment of valuers.

Mr. Quane said that about eight years ago Mitchellstown Workhouse was amalgamated with Fermoy, and he was not sure if there was any property in the former place now. He would like, however, that the Governors should inquire into the matter.

Chairman—The matter will have the attention of the stockholder and valuer.

Reference having been made to the condition of the County Hospital,

Mr. Quane—According to the Inspector's report, it required no repairs except lime washing.

Chairman—If the pumps were not in order would it not be a necessary repair?

Mr. Quane—If it is reported unsanitary where do we come in? Let us stick to the Inspector's report.

Clerk—The patients are being transferred there now.

Mr. Flynn—Where did the report come from that it was unsanitary?

Chairman—It is in the air anyway. If the pumps are not in working order it would be unwise to give the patients a drink.

The matter then dropped.

The Superiors of the Home at Newcastle West were stating that the number of attendants in the Home was inadequate. Additional assistance was necessary.

Mr. King asked the present staff of attendants was the same as that last year. They had now in the Home 169—33 from Groom 41 from Rathkeale, and 96 from Newcastle West. At the rate they were coming in, he anticipated there would be 400 in the Home shortly.

Mr. Ambrose—How many attendants have you?

Clerk—Three females, two males, two lunatic keepers—a male and female.

Mr. Quane—I propose that we carry on.

Mr. King said if a lunatic became violent one person was not sufficient to mind him.

Mr. Ambrose—The Asylum is the proper place for them and not a Home. They will be always looking for something—the more they get the more they want.

No action was taken.

Application was made for repair of the electric bells in the infirmary, which was acceded to.

The Managers of the Munster and Leinster Bank at Newcastle West and Croon wrote accepting the Treasurership for the County Home and Hospital.

Chairman—£500 will be lodged to our credit in each branch immediately.

Mr. Quane raised the question of the position of the relieving officers under the scheme.

Chairman—Patients must be admitted on the certificate of the medical attendance.

Mr. Quane—What about the case where a person has no relative, or the ending of a destitute person on the road?

Mr. Ambrose—Sure there is no one so inhuman as to leave a person on the road. A telephone message would get the ambulance.

Chairman—I believe relieving officers will not be kept at all under the scheme; but let us start a case on the minutes for Dail Eireann.

The course was agreed to.

Mr. Flynn asked to have a return of salaries paid under the old regime, as compared with the new arrangements, for next meeting.

The Clerk said he had been at the Limerick Union in connection with the removal of patients and there was some difficulty as to the plan of residence of some of the patients.

Chairman—There is not a bit of sense in that deal. They must be chargeable to where they are registered on the master's books.

Clerk—There may be patients there for 20 years.

Chairman—They are registered as coming from Limerick. If a man was removed from the union would be registered as being from here and man registered as coming from No. 12, D. belongs to us.

Clerk—Are there any blind people in Limerick Union?

Chairman—Why are they not sent to a blind asylum?

Clerk—You must get special attendance fees.

Chairman—That's the difference? If you send them to a blind asylum you must pay for them. No difficulty in this matter.

Clerk—Very well.

Routine notes having been transacted, the meeting closed.

LIMERICK ASYLUM BOARD

Bakers' Society and Dail Eireann.

At Wednesday's meeting of the Limerick Asylum Board, the members present being Mr. B. Laffan (presiding), Aid Doyle, Messrs. Reddan, Bourke, and D. O'K. Noonan.

Dr. Irwin reported that the baker, whose services had been dispensed with by the Board, who acted on the report of the Dail Inspector, was still in the institution, being placed there by his Society, who held that one baker was insufficient along with inmate help. They claim that two bakers should be employed and in defiance of orders of the Board persist in keeping the second baker in the institution.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy (clerk)—To-day I got the following letter from the Secretary of the Bakers' Society:—"I am instructed by above Union to inform you that owing to the action of your Board in not complying with the wishes of our branch we are reluctantly compelled to enforce our notice of withdrawal of our men on Saturday next, October 15th."

Mr. Reddan—Do they intend to withdraw the other men?

Dr. Irwin—So I understand.

Mr. Reddan—Is that the first notice?

Dr. Irwin—I got no other notice, and that came this morning.

Mr. Reddan—Did they give a month's notice?

Mr. O'Shaughnessy—No. They said something about a month's notice at last meeting but we got no notice.

Dr. Irwin—They said something about doing so.

Ald. Doyle—Is there any communication from Dail Eireann in connection with this matter?

Mr. O'Shaughnessy—None.

Chairman—What do you intend doing with this letter? The Dail Inspector reported that one baker was sufficient, and acting on that report we dispensed with his services.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy read a letter from the Bakers' Society, dated 14th September, stating that they would oppose a reduction of the staff, and disagreeing with the Inspector's report. They held that the bakers should have been consulted and that there was sufficient work for two men. As trade unionists they could not recognise the help of patients, especially when they were out-of-control.

Mr. Bourke—I would favour arbitration if notice was withdrawn.

Chairman—Dail Eireann Inspector reported that one baker was sufficient, and as far as we are concerned the matter is entirely out of our hands. It is, I consider, a matter for An Dail.

Ald. Doyle—Refer the notice to Dail Eireann.

An order was made calling the attention of the Bakers' Society to the fact that the Board had received no reply from An Dail, and consequently they could not re-open the case.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy was directed to telegraph a copy of the notice of withdrawal of work to the L.G.B. Minister.

Contracts.

Mr. Denis Deegan, Bonheon, was declared contractor for the supply of 20 gallons of new milk daily for six months at 1s. 7d. per gal.; Messrs. Clune, for the supply of tobacco, at 9s. 6d. per lb., and the supply of 100 lbs. of No. 1 tinned butter at 1s. 10d.

The Board decided to purchase coal in the open market. Messrs. Banistyne was declared contractor for first class bakers' flour Irish manufacture, at 22s. 8s. per ton.

GLIN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

The monthly meeting of the Glin District Council was held on Wednesday. Mr. Patrick Normie M.O.C., presided for the first time for many months, having been unwell. He received acordial welcome to the meeting. Also present: Messrs. Robert M. Culhane, Philip Stackpole, James O'Connor and Wm. Dillon.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy, Clerk, attended.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

Numerous letters were read from cottiers as to the condition of their houses. In some instances the Clerk of Works' estimate was £12 and £14 for repairs, and in one case the occupier owed over £3.

The Clerk said it would take eight years rent to pay the cost of repair in one instance besides the payment of loan.

Mr. O'Connor said that the reason of the large amount of money required to repair houses was the bad building the first day, and that some time ago anyone that liked could build the cottage and get them passed by the Engineers. He knew in one instance where the dirt of the road was used in the building of these houses.

It was decided that the cottages be repaired except all rents and rates were paid up, and that only necessary work be done at present.

The Chairman said they were handicapped owing to the withdrawal of the Government Grant, but that when they would have their own Government in the near future they would have sufficient money to carry on the work of the District Council.

Mr. Stackpole said that in the case of one of the cottages to be repaired, that different parties were seeking possession some time ago. Was the District Council to repair it? The Chairman said no, but they were unable to prove who did the damage, and that this occurred some years ago.

The Clerk read a circular from the Industrial Association, Dublin.—No action was taken.

A letter was read from the Clerk of the Listowel Union, with reference to remarks at last meeting over non-payment of outdoor relief, and stated that no official get payment since last June, except a couple of nurses. The members present said that the money for outdoor relief from Glin was paid the Listowel Union in June last by the Limerick County Council.

Mr. O'Connor said he knew cases of poor persons who did not get relief for over thirty weeks, and that only their friends stood to them they would be in a bad way.

The Chairman and other members said they would attend at Listowel Board next Thursday, which would be the last Board there.

A letter was read from the Secretary, Farmers' Union, stating that a deputation was appointed to attend District Council meeting to ascertain why rate was so high in Glin.

It was unanimously agreed by members present to refuse the deputation. They said they considered it very unwise to refuse to pay rates at this particular time, and that Glin was the only district in the county that had not paid up.

The Chairman proposed, and it was unanimously agreed, a resolution calling on the Government to release all the political prisoners, tried and untried.

LORD NORTHCLEFFE AND EMIGRATION

Lord Northcliffe, in an article on Canadian emigration, states that immigrants are not wanted this year in Canada, where, he says, it is

NASH'S MINERAL WATERS

MANUFACTURED BY THE MOST UP-TO-DATE MACHINERY.
AND UNDER THE BEST CONDITIONS.
ARE ABSOLUTELY THE PUREST AND HAVE NO SUPERIOR.

— SPARKLING —
DRY GINGER ALE

THE BEST OF TABLE WATERS.
IS EXCEEDINGLY PLEASANT AND REFRESHING.

RICHARD NASH,

Mineral Water Works, NEWCASTLE WEST.

Galvanised Iron

JUST ARRIVING.

A Big Consignment.

PART CARGO QUEBEC DEALS ON PASSAGE. PRICES CONSIDERABLY REDUCED.

Buy now for Winter Requirements. Prices Favourable.

WILLIAM PHELAN,

IRONMONGERY AND TIMBER MERCHANT, NEWCASTLE WEST.

JAMES BROUDER.

THE SQUARE, NEWCASTLE WEST.

Is offering the best of the Market in

TEAS, WINES AND WHISKEYS

Bought for Cash. Keenest Prices.

Limerick County Committee of Agriculture and Technical Instruction.

POULTRY SCHEME, 1920-21.

List of Egg Distribution Stations (Geese).
The following persons have been approved by the above Committee to keep Stations for the distribution of eggs of pure bred fowl to persons living in the County of Limerick:

- Mrs. D. Cotter, Ballyteigue, Brurea.
- Mrs. Mulcahy, Ballinabawn, Ardagh.
- Miss Scanlan, Ballydubig House, Ballagh, Charleville.
- Mrs. Roche, Ballymackessy House, Newcastle West.
- Mrs. J. Murray, Pound House, Loughill.
- Mrs. Harris, Adamstown, Knocklong.
- Mrs. Beary, Gortboy, Kilmallock.
- Mrs. Kelly, Garryarthur, Darragh, Kilmann.
- Mrs. P. Creed, Ballyeagogue, Kilmann.

The following persons have been approved to keep Turkey Stations. The approved turkey cock shall serve turkey hens, the property of residents in the County of Limerick:

- Mrs. D. Cotter, Ballyteigue, Brurea.
- Mrs. Williams, Anhid, Croom.
- Mrs. Mulcahy, Ballinabawn, Ardagh.
- Miss Hartnett, Glenduff, Broadford, Charleville.
- Mrs. Hanley, Mondellily, Adare.
- Miss M. Murphy, Ballycummane, Tournafulla.
- Mrs. O'Shaughnessy, Fealesbridge, Abbeyside.
- Mrs. J. Murray, Pound House, Loughill.
- Mrs. T. M. Cullane, Ballyguilteneane, Glin.
- Miss Cassan, Fanlehaue, Newcastle West.
- Mrs. O'Connor, Corrigg, Foynes.
- Miss A. Hunt, Barbally, Brurea.
- Mrs. P. Creed, Ballyeagogue, Kilmann.
- Mrs. Bailey, Gortboy, Kilmallock.
- Mrs. Sheahan, Ballygarry, Glendrohan, Knocklong.
- Mrs. Harrington, Kilderry, Fedamore.
- Mrs. D'Arcy, Lacca House, Doon.

Note—Those marked with * will sell A.B. Turkey Eggs at 2s. (two shillings) each; carriage, etc., extra.

T. A. HARTIGAN, Secretary.
82 O'Connell Street, Limerick.

FAIR HOUSES

FOR PRINTING AND ADVERTISING.

- Messrs. "Weekly Observer," Newcastle West
- G. McKern & Sons, Ltd., O'Connell St.
- O'Connor and Co., "
- "Limerick Leader," Ltd., "
- "Limerick Chronicle," "
- "Munster News," "
- "Limerick Echo," Sarahfield St.
- Proemix Printing Co., Thomas St.
- City Printing Co., Rodiana St.

Get your Printing and Advertising done UNDER TRADE UNION CONDITIONS By the above.

On behalf of Limerick Typographical Society, M. HARTNEY, President, S. S. CAREY, Secretary.

Limerick County Committee of Agriculture and Technical Instruction.

POULTRY SCHEME, 1920-21.

List of Egg Distribution Stations (Hens and Ducks).
The following persons have been approved by the above Committee to keep Stations for the distribution of eggs of pure bred fowl to persons living in the County of Limerick:

- Mrs. D. Cotter, Ballyteigue, Brurea.
- Rhode Island Reds and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Miss Scanlan, Ballydubig House, Ballagh, Rhode Island Reds and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Mulcahy, Ballinabawn, Ardagh, Rhode Island Reds and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Carroll, Grove, Hospital, Rhode Island Reds and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. P. Creed, Ballyeagogue, Kilmann, Rhode Island Reds and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Sheehy, Bridge House, Ballygarry, Rhode Island Reds.
- Mrs. O'Brien, Kells, Dromcollogher, Rhode Island Reds.
- Mrs. P. Molloy, Bohard, Keenagh, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Dandon, Aughanish, Borrigoon, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Roche, Castle View, Newcastle West, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Harris, Adamstown, Knocklong, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Miss Dalton, The Hill, Kilmallock, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. D'Arcy, Lacca House, Doon, White Wyandottes and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Harrington, Kilderry, Fedamore, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns, and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Miss Hartnett, Glenduff, Broadford, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Norzille, River View, Glin, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. McNamara, Ballygoughlan, Glin, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns, and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Miss Hunt, Garbally, Bruff, White Wyandottes, White Leghorns, and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Mrs. Kelly, Garryarthur, Darragh, Kilmann, White Leghorns.
- Mrs. W. O'Callaghan, Skule, Fedamore, White Leghorns.
- Mrs. O'Brien, Churchfield, Clarina, White Leghorns.
- Mrs. J. Murray, Pound House, Loughill, Brown Leghorns and Indian Runner Ducks.
- Miss Ryan, Corkamore, Clarina, Brown Leghorns and Indian Runner Ducks.

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82 O'Connell Street, Limerick.

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